

Final Exam Due Thu. June 9, at 5 pm. Return to Rachel Houtz.

Part I: Consider the SUSY breaking model

	$Sp(8)$	$SU(5)_L$	$SU(5)_R$	$SU(2)$
Q	\square	\square	$\mathbf{1}$	$\mathbf{1}$
\bar{Q}	\square	$\mathbf{1}$	$\bar{\square}$	$\mathbf{1}$
Σ	$\mathbf{1}$	$\bar{\square}$	\square	$\mathbf{1}$
S	$\mathbf{1}$	$\bar{\square}$	$\mathbf{1}$	$\mathbf{1}$
\bar{S}	$\mathbf{1}$	$\mathbf{1}$	\square	$\mathbf{1}$
ϕ^a	$\mathbf{1}$	$\bar{\square}$	$\mathbf{1}$	\square
$\bar{\phi}^a$	$\mathbf{1}$	$\mathbf{1}$	\square	\square

(where $SU(2)$ is a global symmetry, $Sp(8)$ is more strongly coupled than the $SU(5)$'s, and the standard model gauge groups will be embedded in the diagonal subgroup of $SU(5)_L \times SU(5)_R$) with a superpotential

$$W = \frac{1}{2}h_L S Q Q + \frac{1}{2}h_R \bar{S} \bar{Q} \bar{Q} + \lambda \Sigma \bar{Q} Q \quad (1)$$

1) Explain how the $Sp(8)$ dynamics coupled with the superpotential breaks supersymmetry.

Assuming that λ and the $SU(5)$ gauge couplings have values such that the minimum occurs at $\Sigma = \text{diag}(v, v, v, v, v)$ with $v \gg \Lambda$ (where Λ is the intrinsic scale of the $Sp(8)$ interactions.)

2) Using a one-loop analysis, determine (parametrically) the vacuum energy density (and hence the F component of Σ) in terms of λ and Λ .

3) Assuming that S and ϕ have non-renormalizable couplings to Σ suppressed by M_{Pl} , use gauge invariance and dimensional analysis to show that

$$m_S \sim v \left(\frac{v}{M_{\text{Pl}}} \right)^{n_S}$$

$$m_\phi \sim v \left(\frac{v}{M_{\text{Pl}}} \right)^{n_\phi}$$

and determine the integers n_S and n_ϕ .

Part II: Consider the SUSY model:

	$SU(6)$	$SU(F)$	$SU(F)$	$U(1)_A$	$U(1)_B$	$U(1)_R$
Q	\square	\square	$\mathbf{1}$	-3	1	$\frac{F-6}{F}$
\overline{Q}	$\overline{\square}$	$\mathbf{1}$	\square	-3	-1	$\frac{F-6}{F}$
A	$\begin{array}{c} \square \\ \square \\ \square \end{array}$	$\mathbf{1}$	$\mathbf{1}$	F	0	1

- 1) Check that the mixed $U(1)$ -gauge anomalies vanish.
- 2) At what value of F is asymptotic freedom lost?
- 3) For $F = 4$ show that this theory satisfies the index constraint for S-confinement.
- 4) Consider the the general R -charge

$$R_g = R + b q_A + c q_B , \tag{2}$$

where b and c are, at the moment, arbitrary coefficients. Since the theory is vector-like we know that to find the superconformal R -charge we can take $c = 0$ since we need $R(Q) = R(\overline{Q})$. Perform a -maximization for $F = 8$ and $F = 9$ to determine the dimension of the composites $Q\overline{Q}$, AA , and $AQQQ$. Are any of these fields free for $F = 8$?