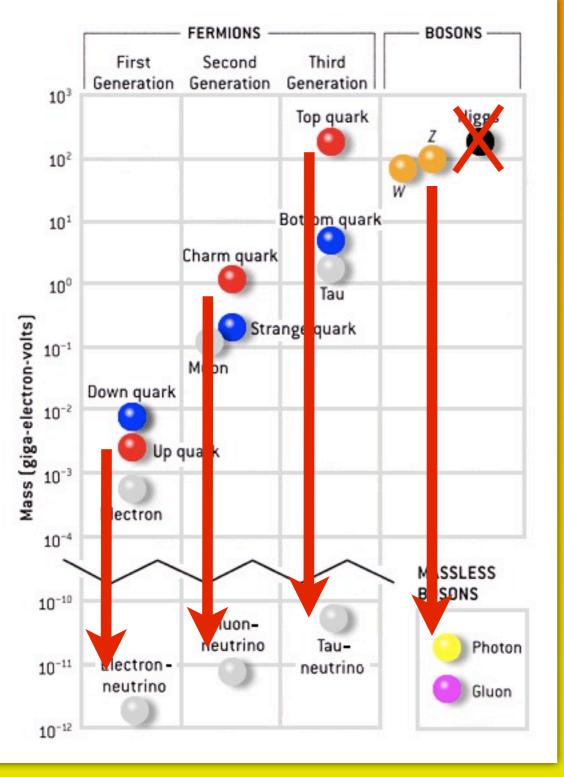


Ruggero Altair Tacchi hep-ph/1001.1361 with J. Evans, J. Galloway, M. Luty University of California, Davis

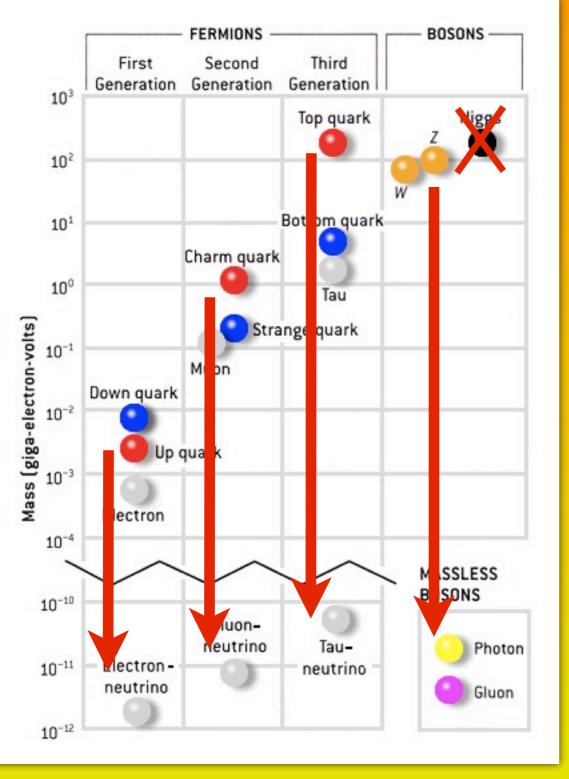
# Higgs vs Technicolor



- Standard Model
- Mass origin?
- Higgs? ... (maybe)
- Higgsless SM, disaster?



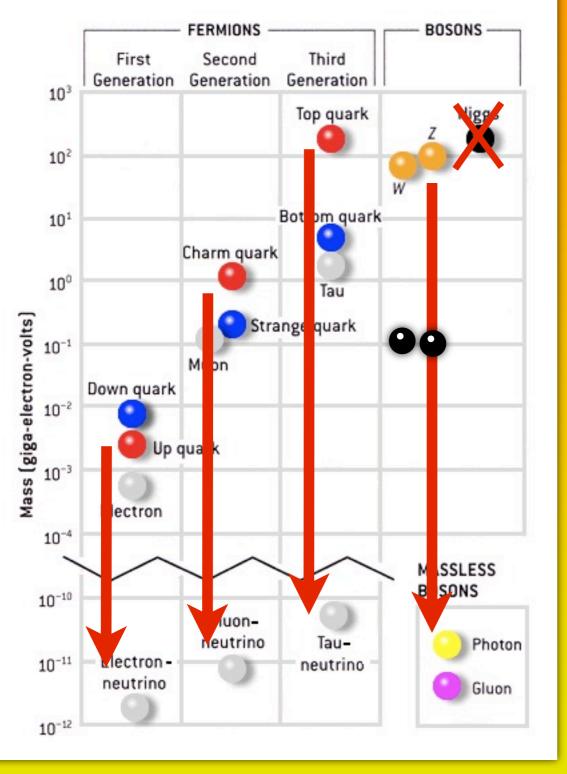
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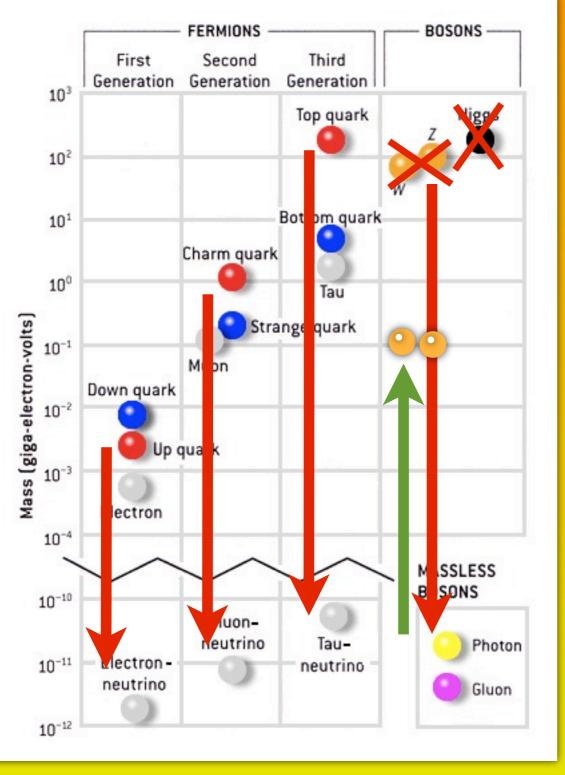
NO

# Higgs vs Technicolor



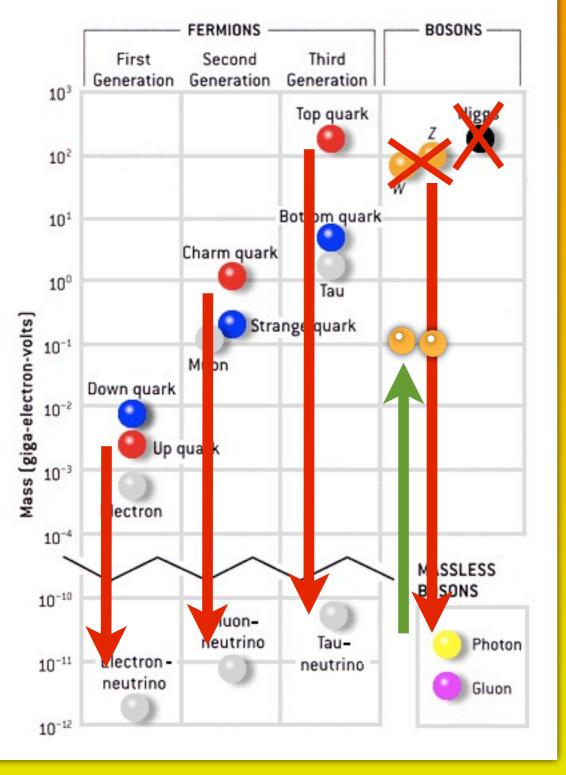
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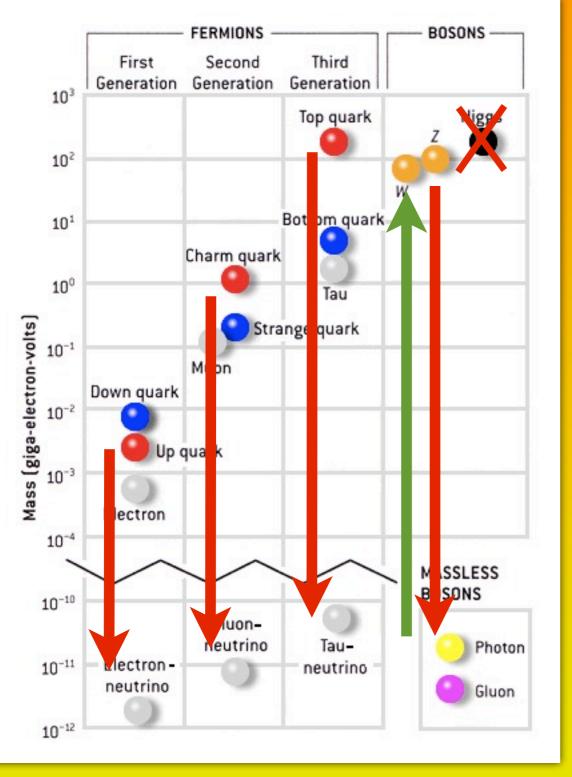
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# Higgs vs Technicolor



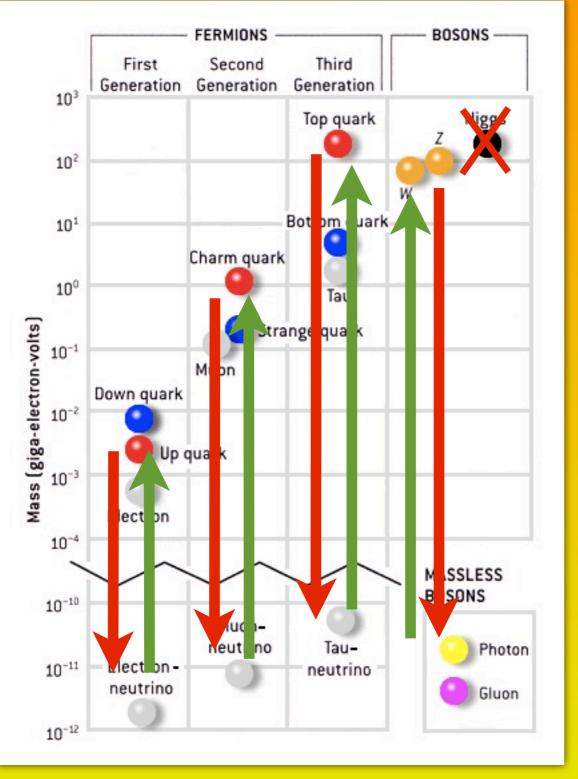
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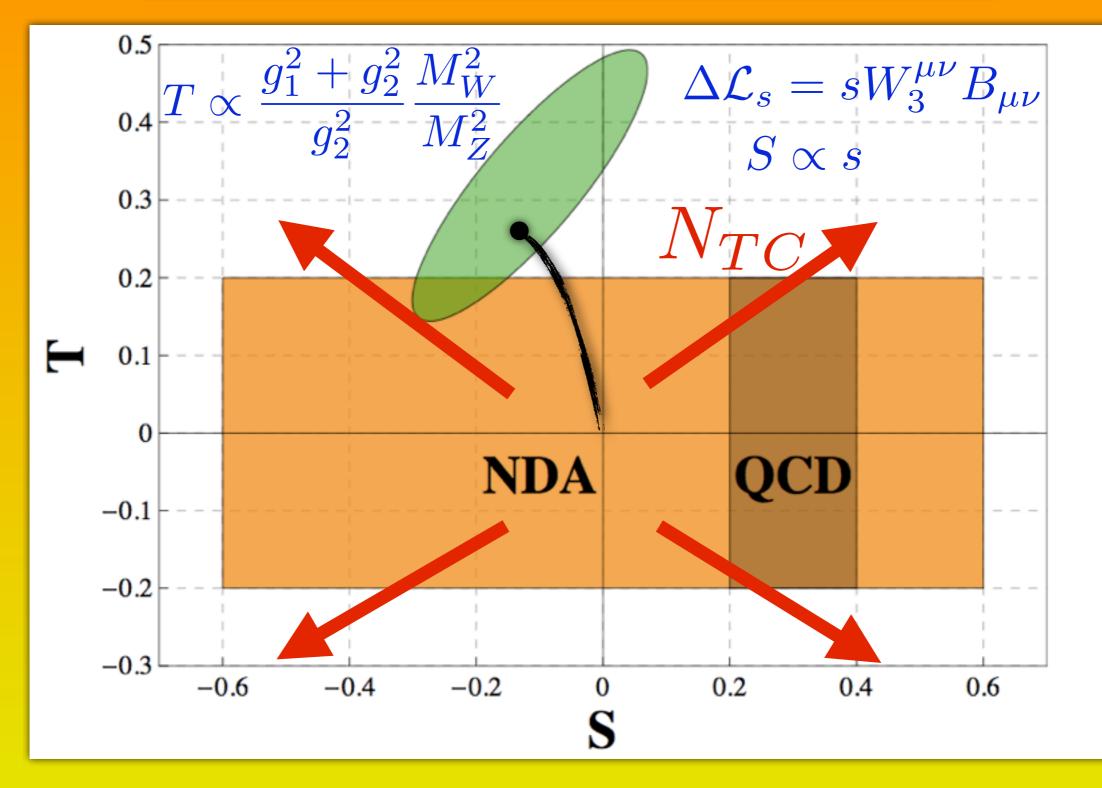
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- Technifermions
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# Higgs vs Technicolor

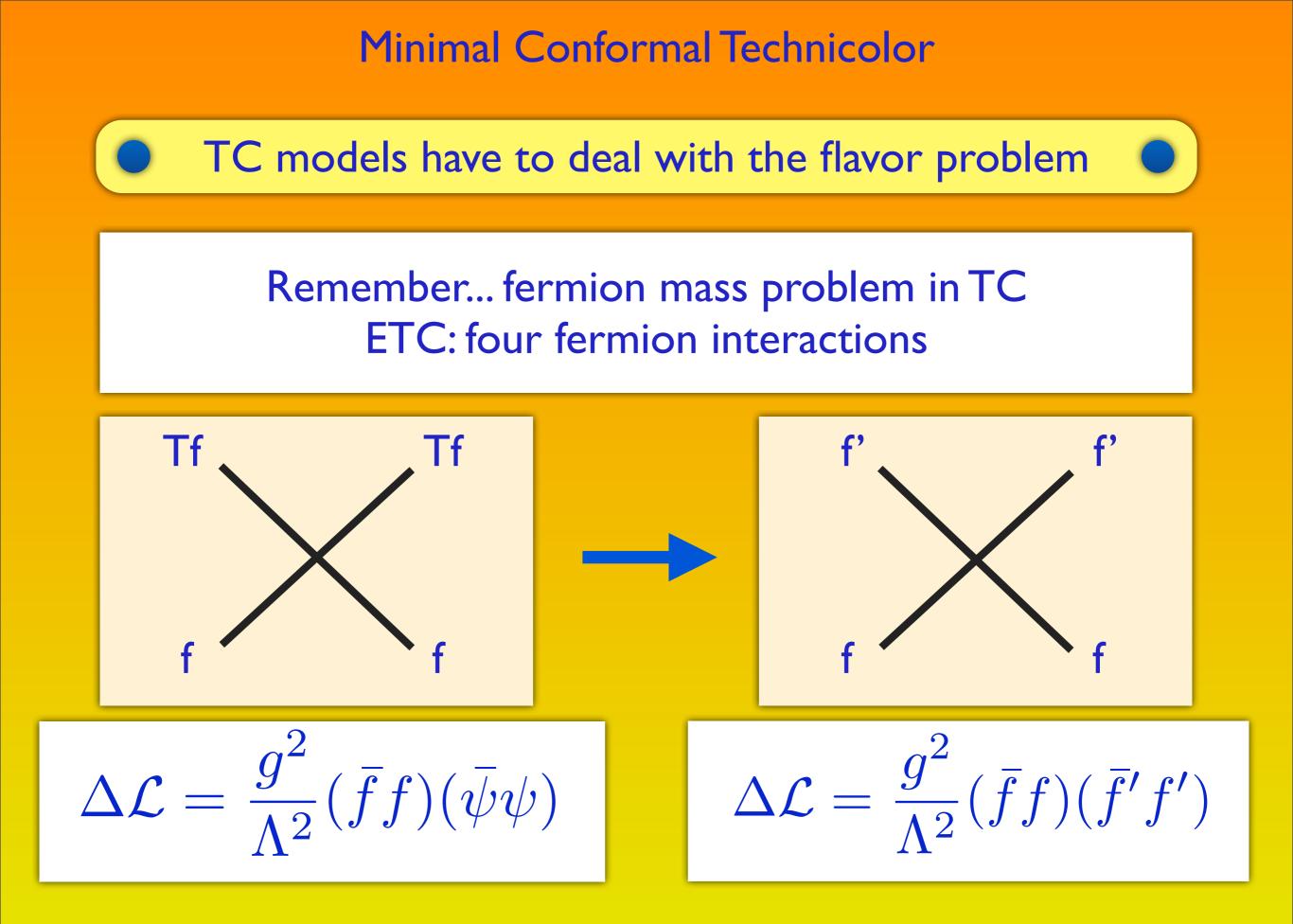


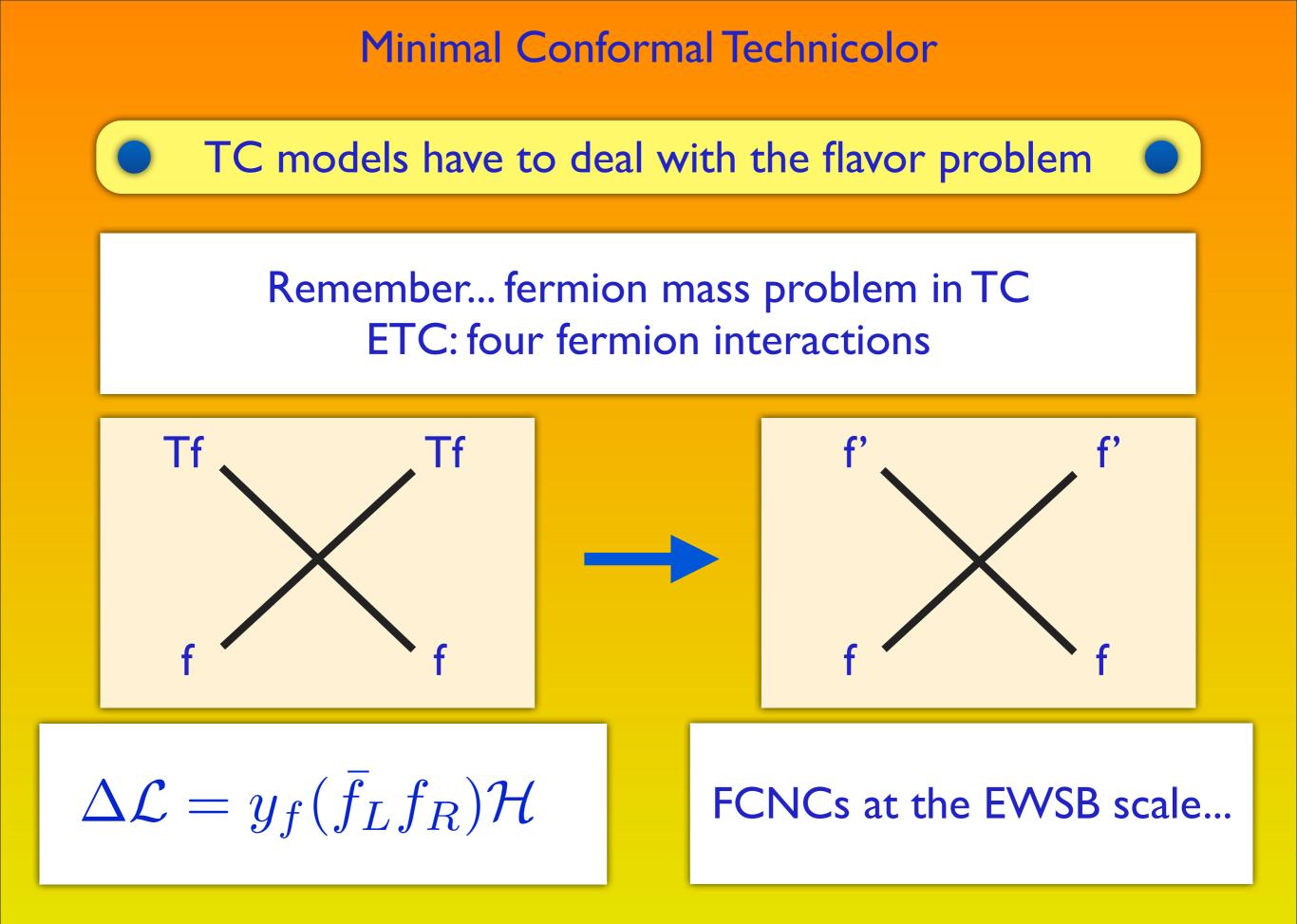
- Standard Model
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- Composite pions
- Not enough... scale up!
- QCD-like sector:TC
- Technifermions
- Fermion mass origin?
- f f ↔ Tf Tf
- Extended TC
- Seem good... happy?
- Not quite yet...

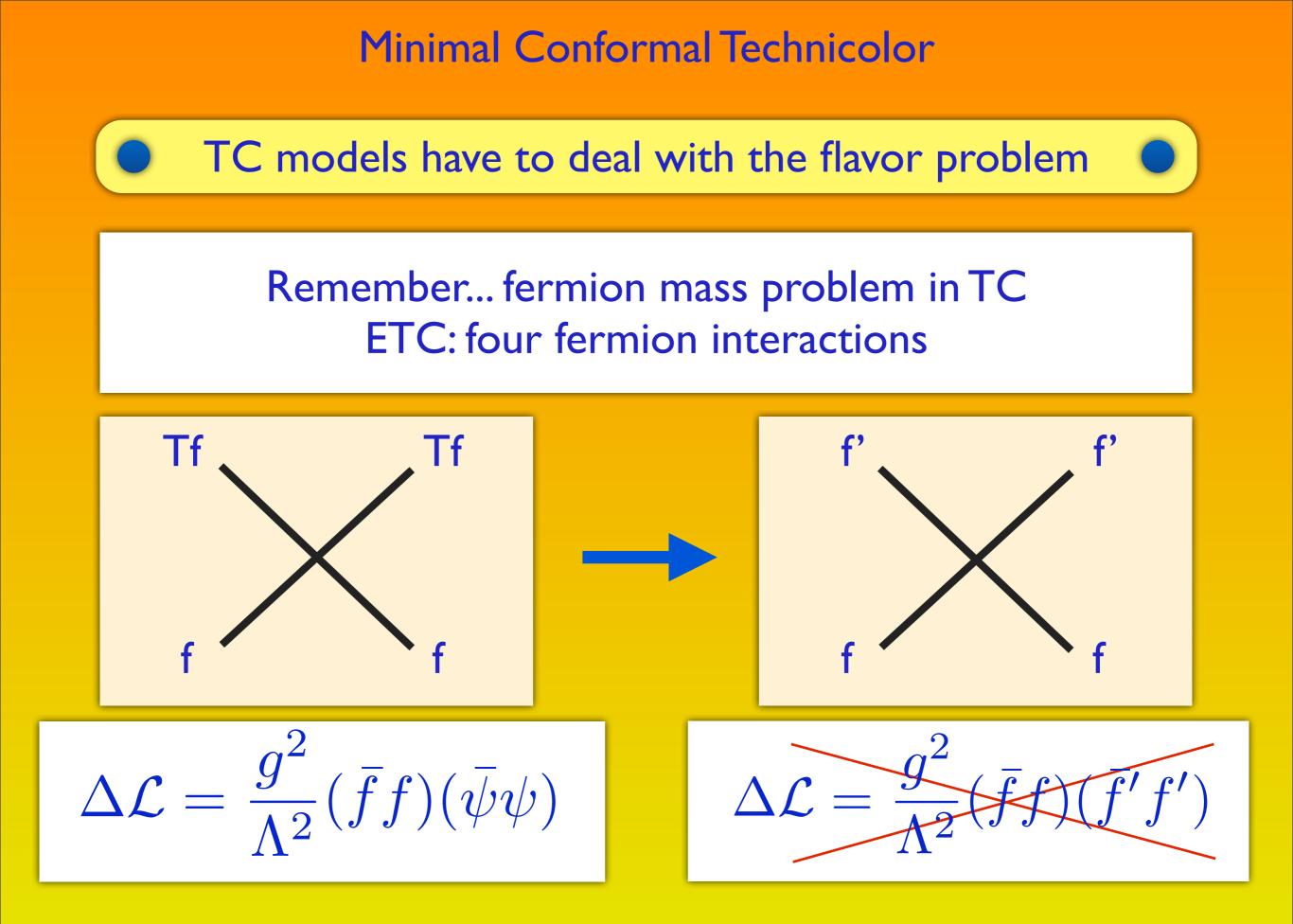
TC models have to deal with EWPT

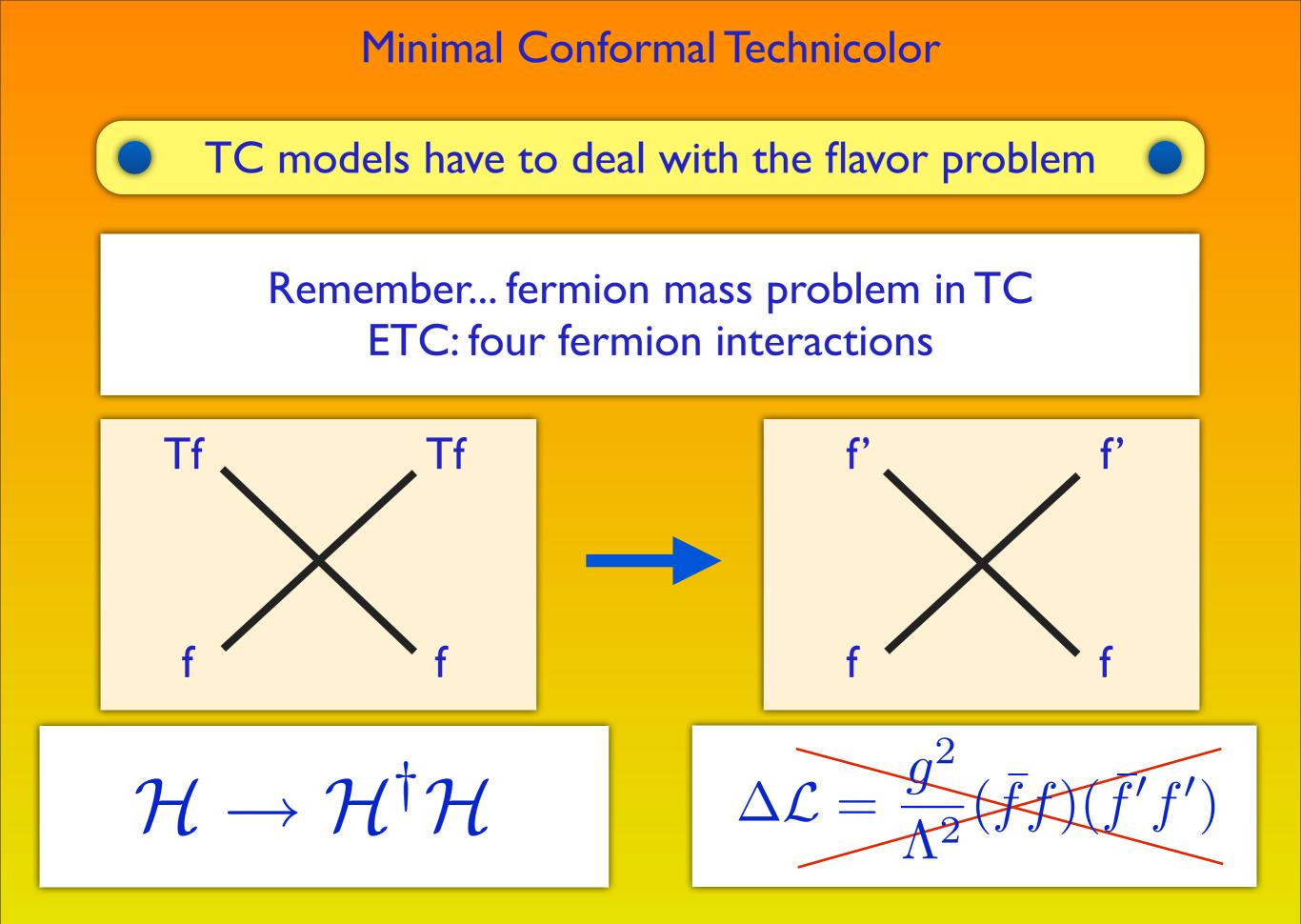


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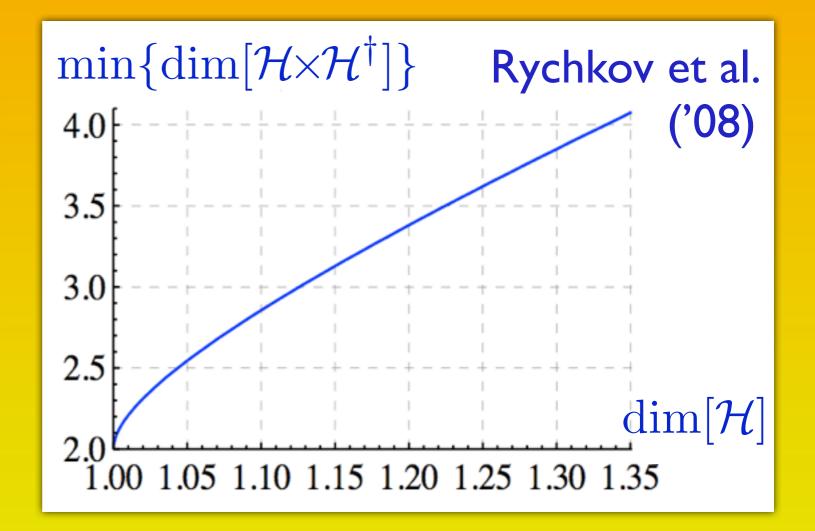




TC models have to deal with the flavor problem

# One possibility to explore: Conformal Technicolor (Luty, Okui '04)

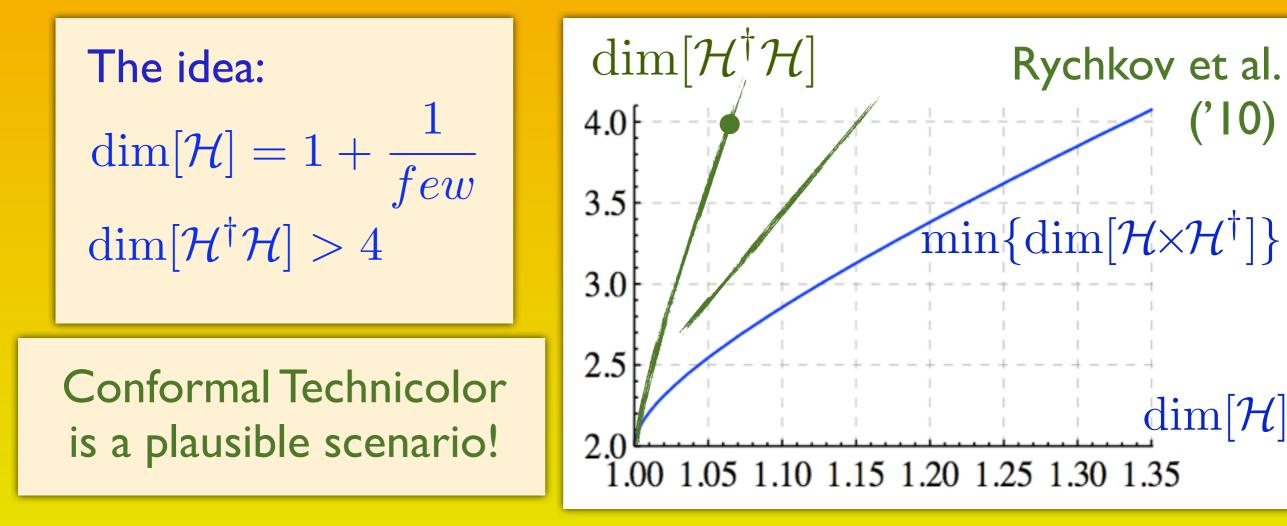
The idea:  $\dim[\mathcal{H}] = 1 + \frac{1}{few}$   $\dim[\mathcal{H}^{\dagger}\mathcal{H}] > 4$ 



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TC models have to deal with the flavor problem

# One possibility to explore: Conformal Technicolor (Luty, Okui '04)



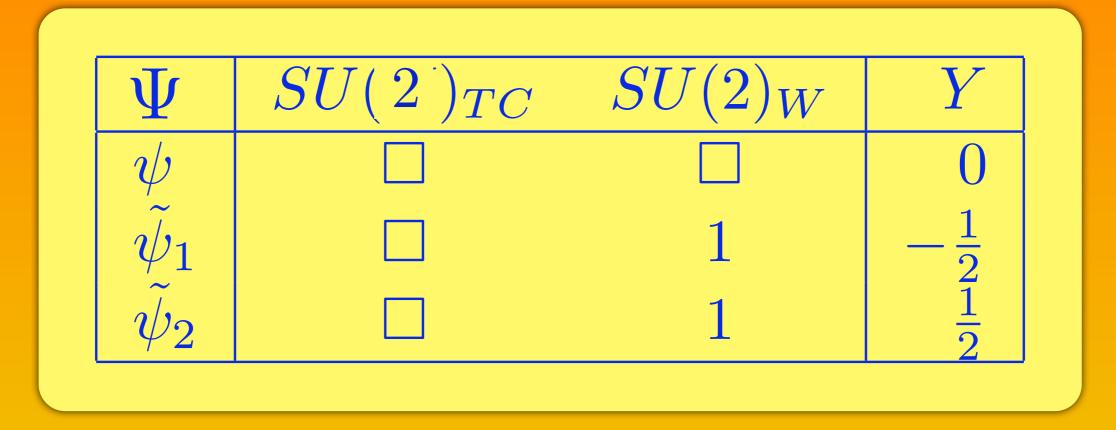
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$$SU(N)_{TC} \times SU(2)_W \times U(1)_Y$$

- Strong SU(N) for TC-like EWSB
- SU(2)\_L x SU(2)\_R (custodial symmetry)
- Conformality to help the flavor problem
- Within EWPT constraints (small N)

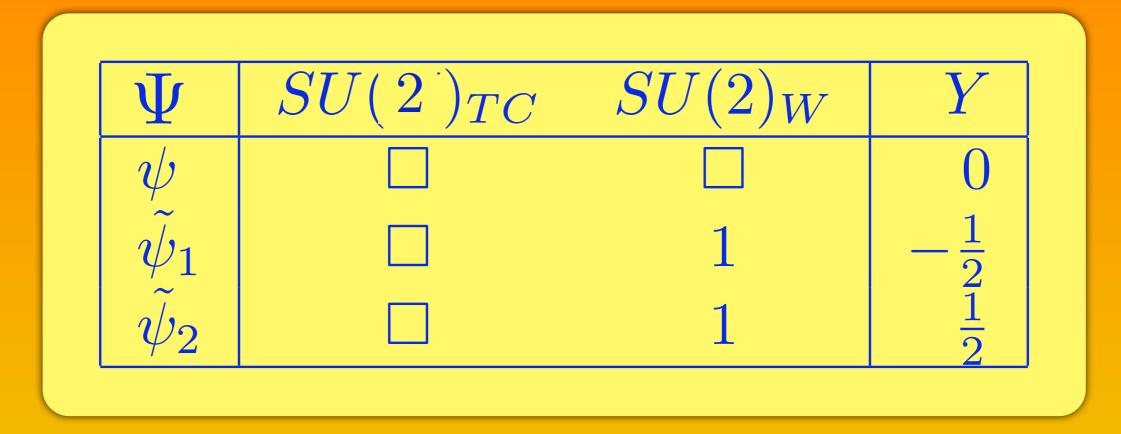
We would like these properties in the "Minimal" setting... How can we do that?

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# Strong SU(2)\_TC to keep S and T small

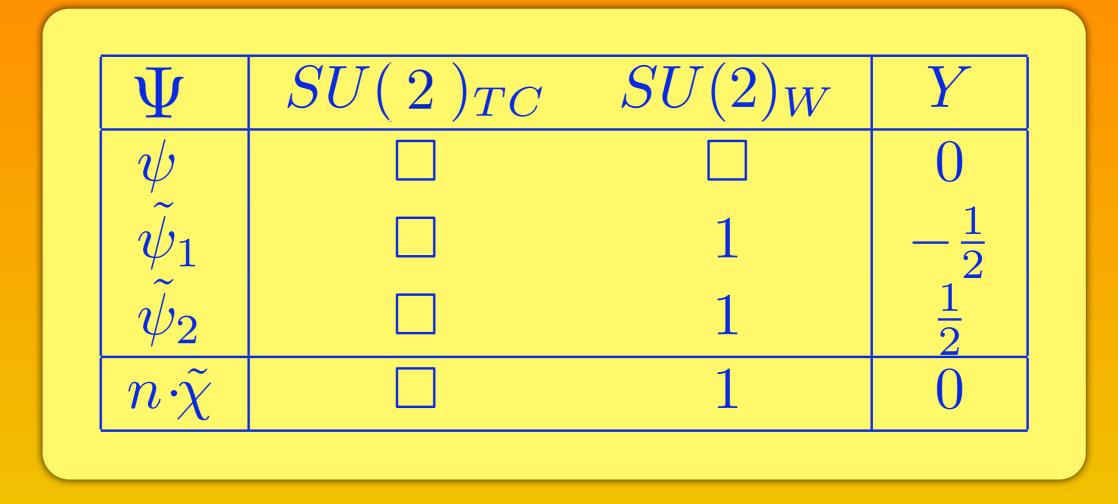
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# Global SU(4) (unbroken if EW is off) Broken if a potential is present

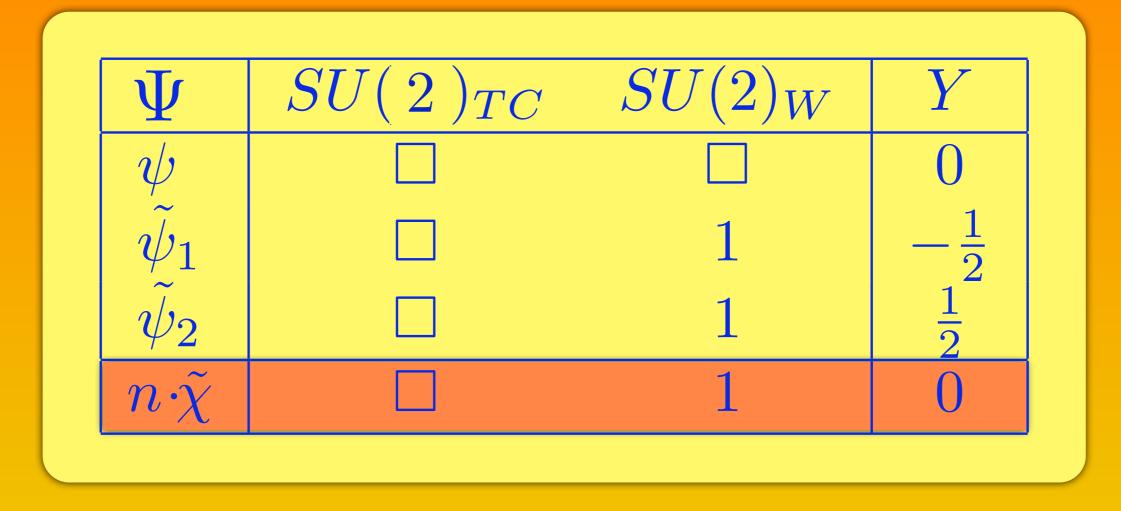
$$\langle \Psi^A \Psi^B \rangle \neq 0$$

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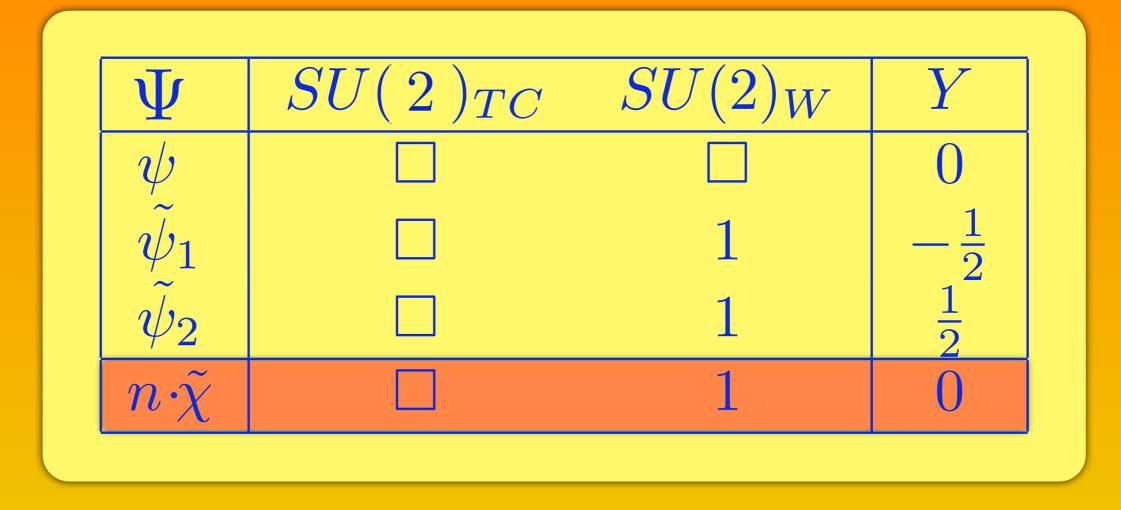
# Add some heavy SM sterile fields Global SU(4+n)

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Conformal Symmetry breaks! Global SU(4+n) ----> SU(4)

$$\Delta \mathcal{L} = -\kappa \psi \psi - \tilde{\kappa} \tilde{\psi}_1 \tilde{\psi}_2 - K \chi \chi$$



Conformal Symmetry breaks! Global SU(4+n)  $\longrightarrow$  SU(4)  $\longrightarrow$  Sp(4)

$$\Delta \mathcal{L} = -\kappa \psi \psi - \tilde{\kappa} \tilde{\psi}_1 \tilde{\psi}_2 - K \chi \chi$$

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 $SU(4) \rightarrow Sp(4)$ : Preskill, Peskin ('80)

10 unbroken generators + 5 broken generators They find two solutions:

$$\Phi_{EW} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \Phi_{TC} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\langle \Psi^A \Psi^D \rangle \neq 0$ 

 $SU(4) \rightarrow Sp(4)$ : Preskill, Peskin ('80)

10 unbroken generators + 5 broken generators They find two solutions:

$$\Phi_{EW} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Phi_{TC} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

We like them both and want to find a solution in between! Can we do that?

$$\Phi_{MCTC} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \cos(\theta) & \sin(\theta) & 0 \\ -\cos(\theta) & 0 & 0 & \sin(\theta) \\ -\sin(\theta) & 0 & 0 & -\cos(\theta) \\ 0 & -\sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$SU(2)_{TC} \times SU(2)_W \times U(1)_Y$$

- Condensate Sp(4) invariant  $\langle \Psi \Psi 
  angle \propto \Phi 
  eq 0$
- $\langle \Psi^A \Psi^B \rangle \propto \Phi^{AB} = -\Phi^{BA}$
- Pion fields transforming SU(4)-Sp(4)  $\xi = e^{i\Pi}$
- SU(4) invariant  $\xi\Phi\xi^T$
- Vacuum alignment
- EWSB (3 eaten goldstones)

- $m_W^2 = \frac{g^2}{4} f^2 \sin^2(\theta)$
- 2 uneaten PNGBs: a Higgs-like scalar and a pseudoscalar 'A'

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- EWSB (3 eaten goldstones)
- 2 uneaten PNGBs: a Higgs-like scalar and a pseudoscalar 'A'

 $m_W^2 = \frac{g^2}{4} f^2 \sin^2(\theta) = v^2$ 

Technicolor, Composite Higgs and the Standard Model Higgs

They all break the EW symmetry at the TeV

SM Higgs: 
$$\mathcal{H}^{\dagger} = (\not X - i \not X + h - i \not X)$$

Old fashion TC model:

 $f_{\pi}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{K}, \mathcal{K}, (\sigma, \rho?)$ 

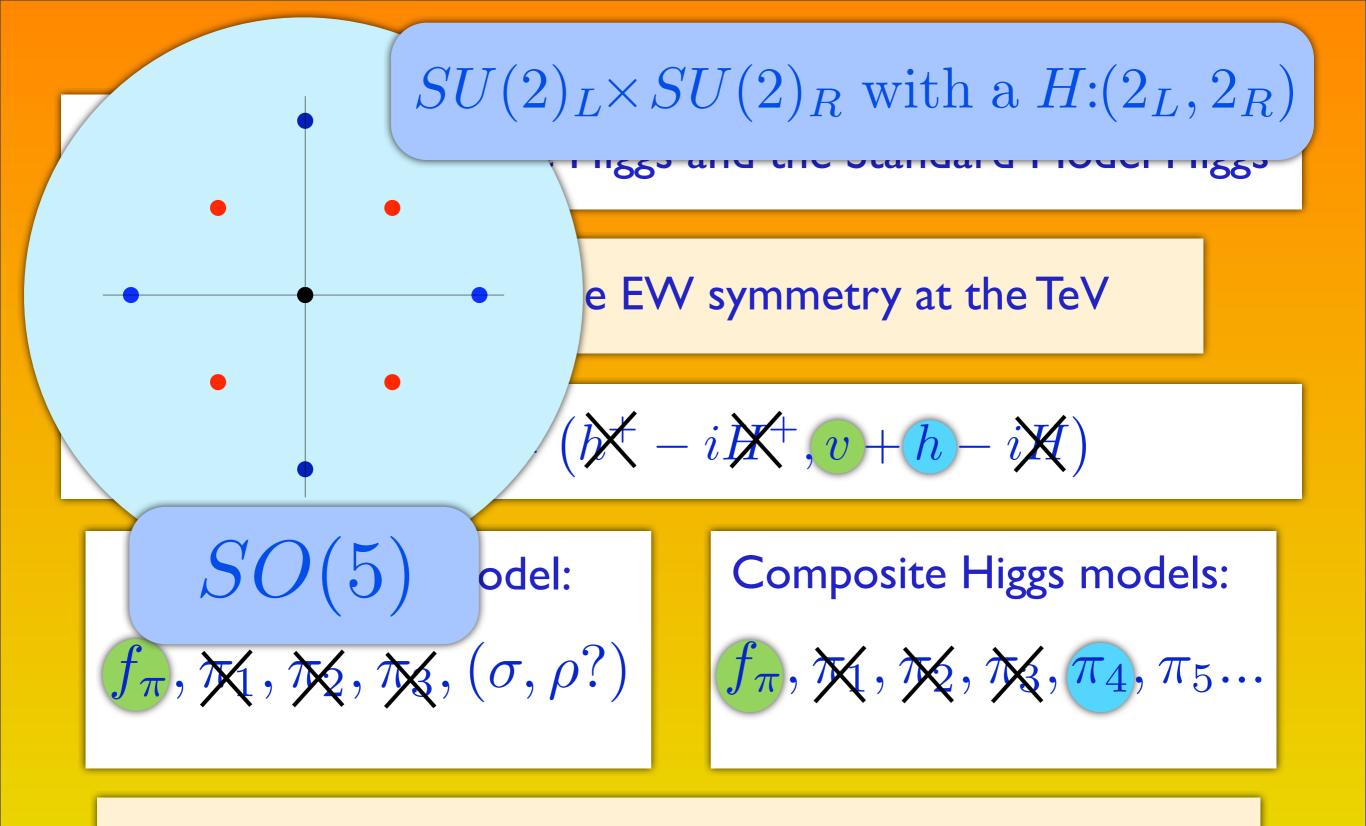
Composite Higgs models:

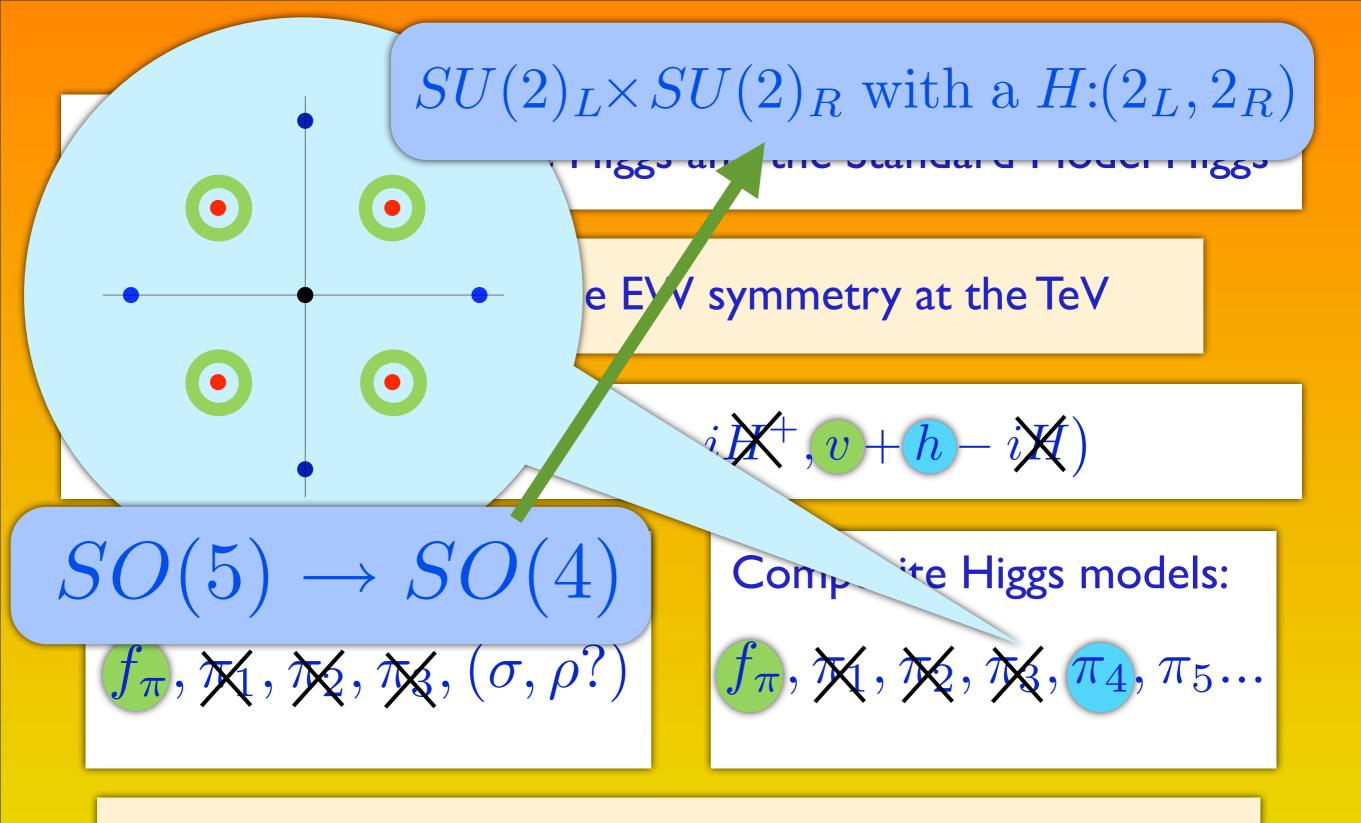
$$f_{\pi}, \mathcal{M}, \mathcal{M}, \mathcal{M}, \mathcal{M}, \pi_{4}, \pi_{5}...$$

# Composite Higgs models have a bigger symmetry!

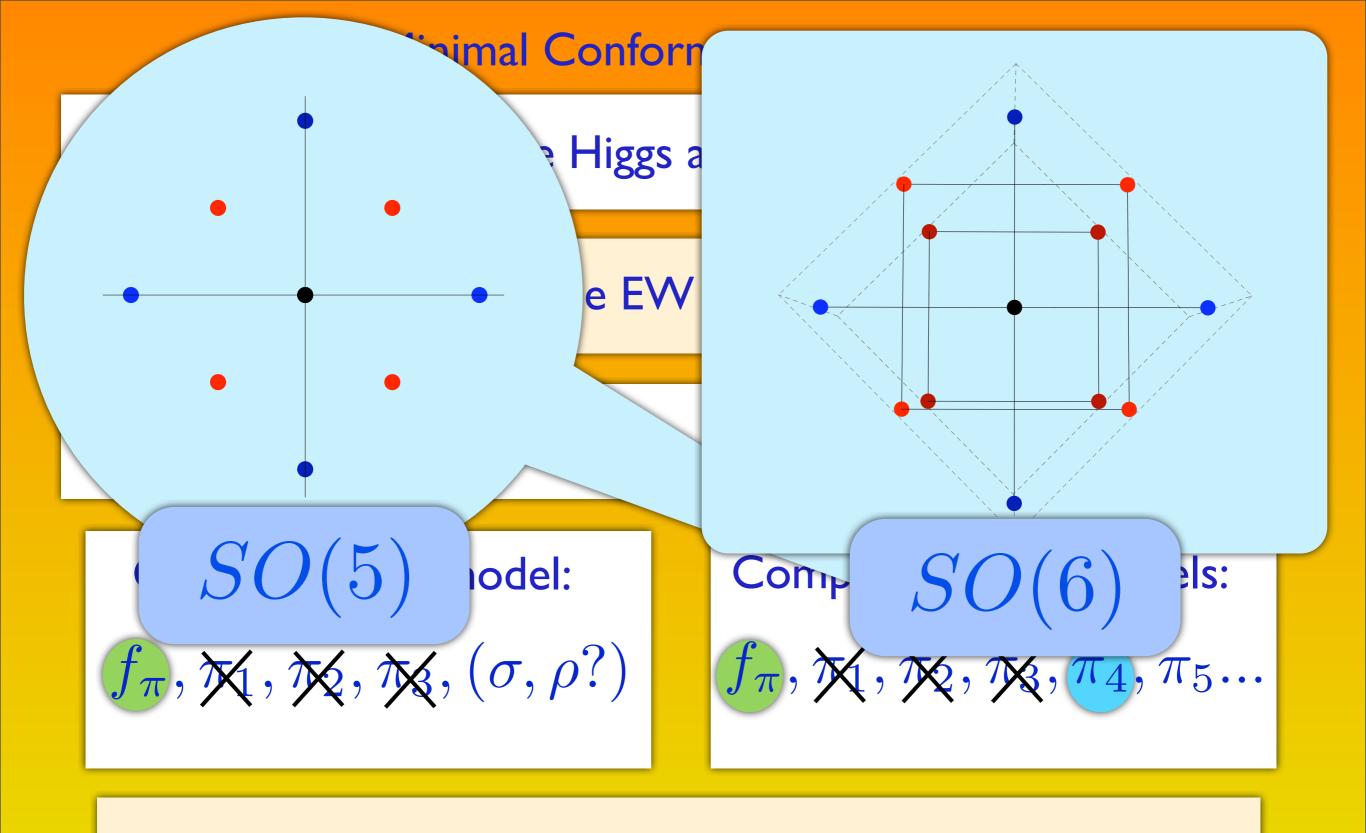
$$SU(2) \times SU(2)$$

$$Su(2) \times Su(2$$

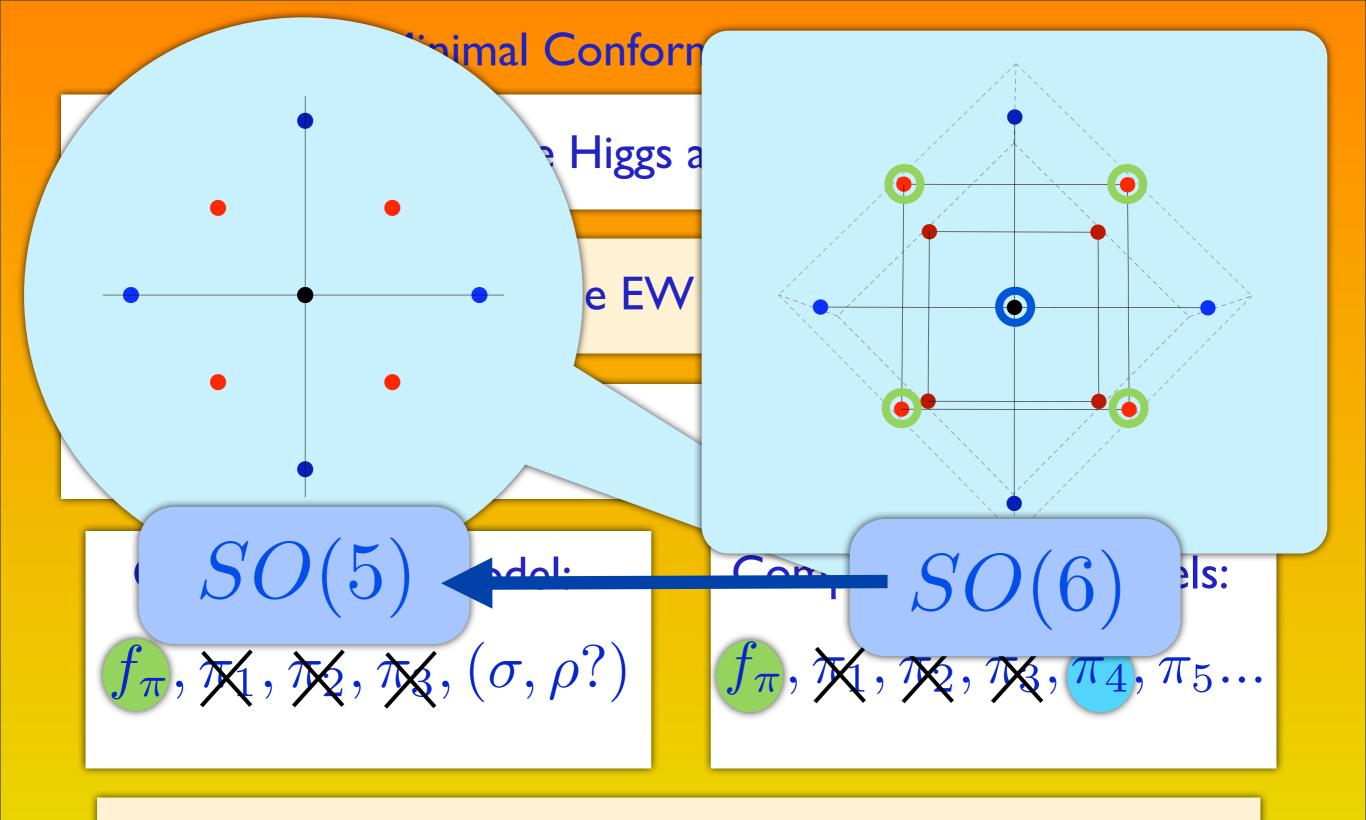




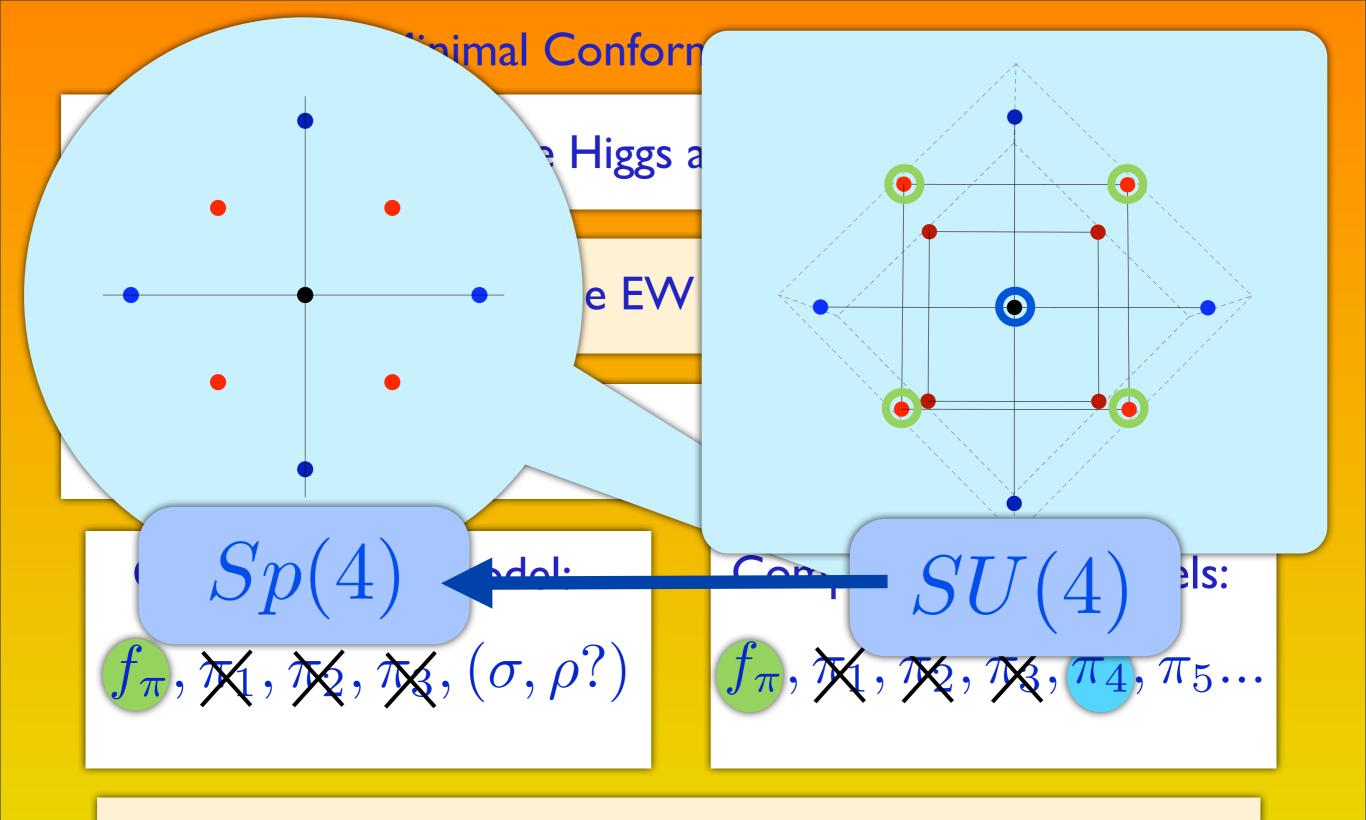
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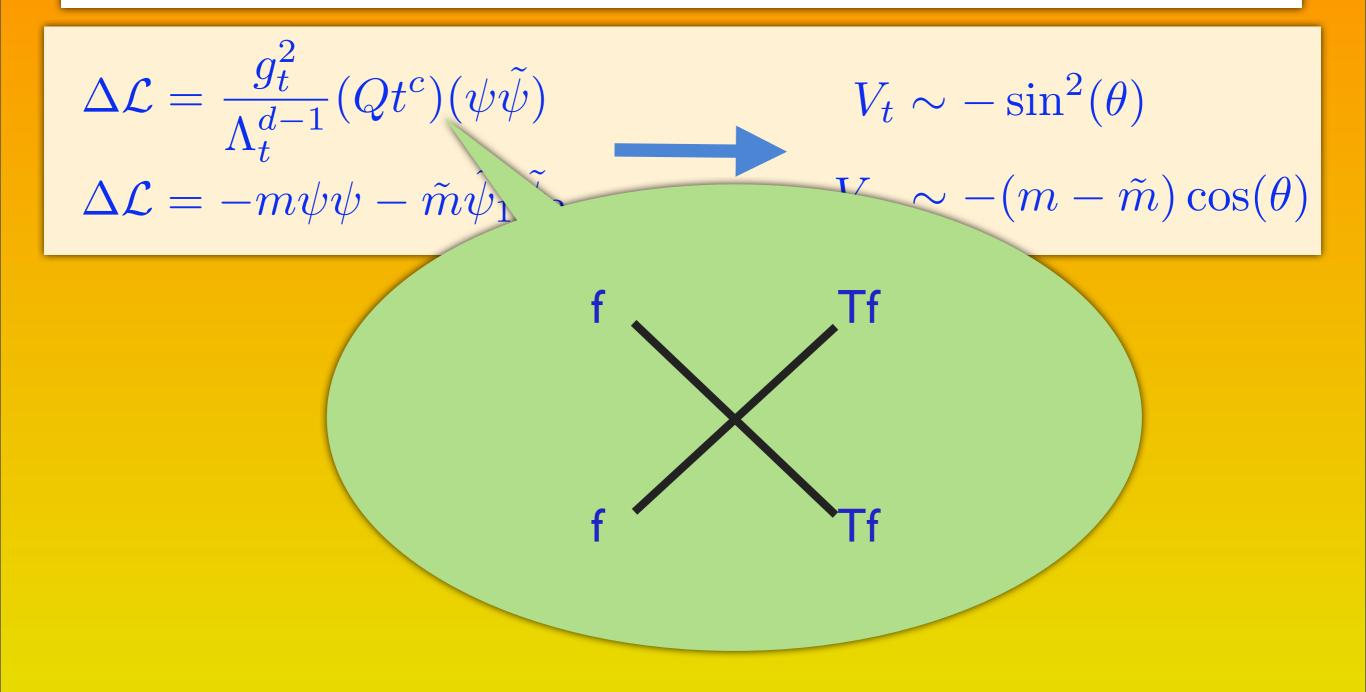


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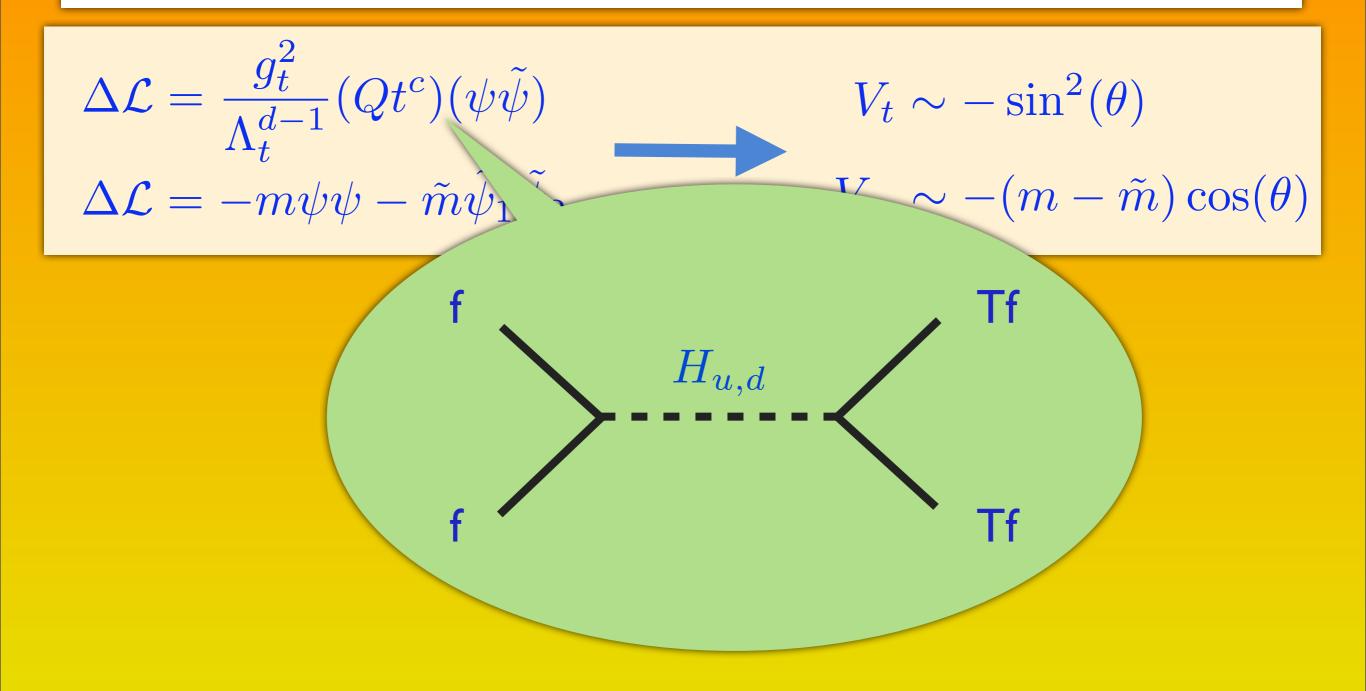
### Effective Potential: Top loops and technifermion masses

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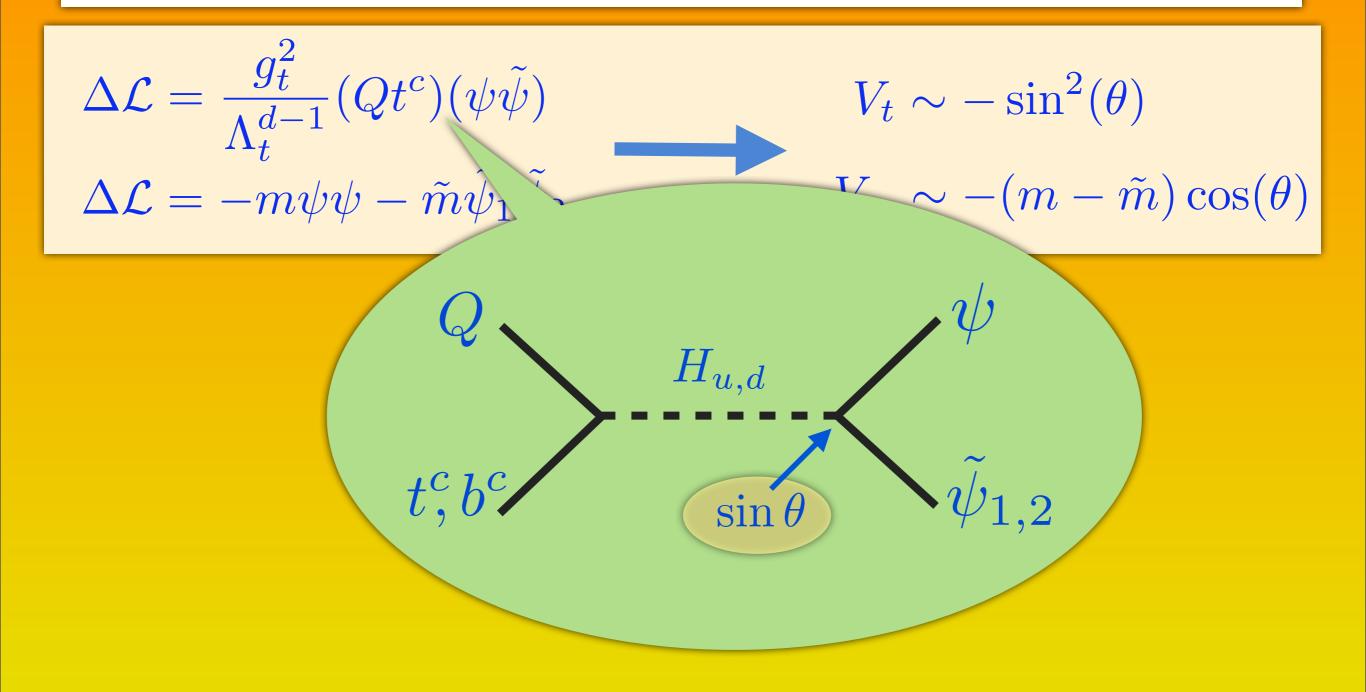
### Effective Potential: Top loops and technifermion masses



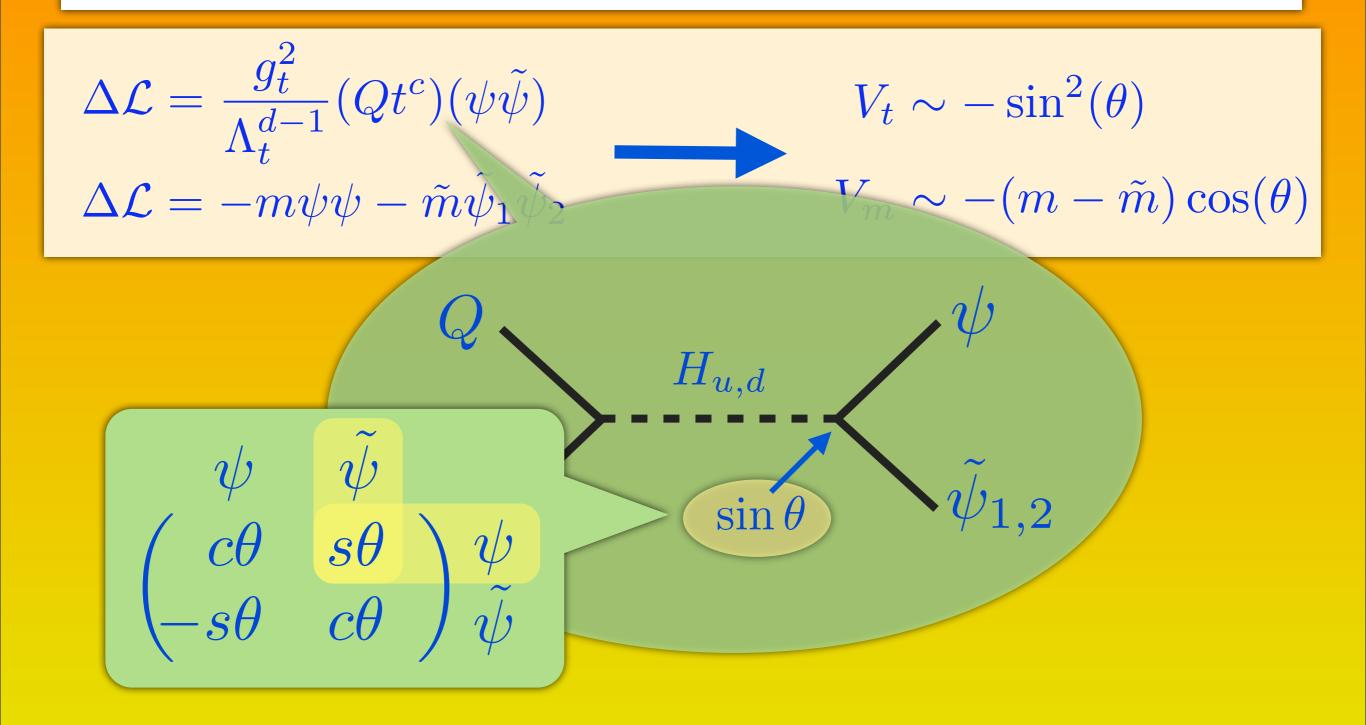
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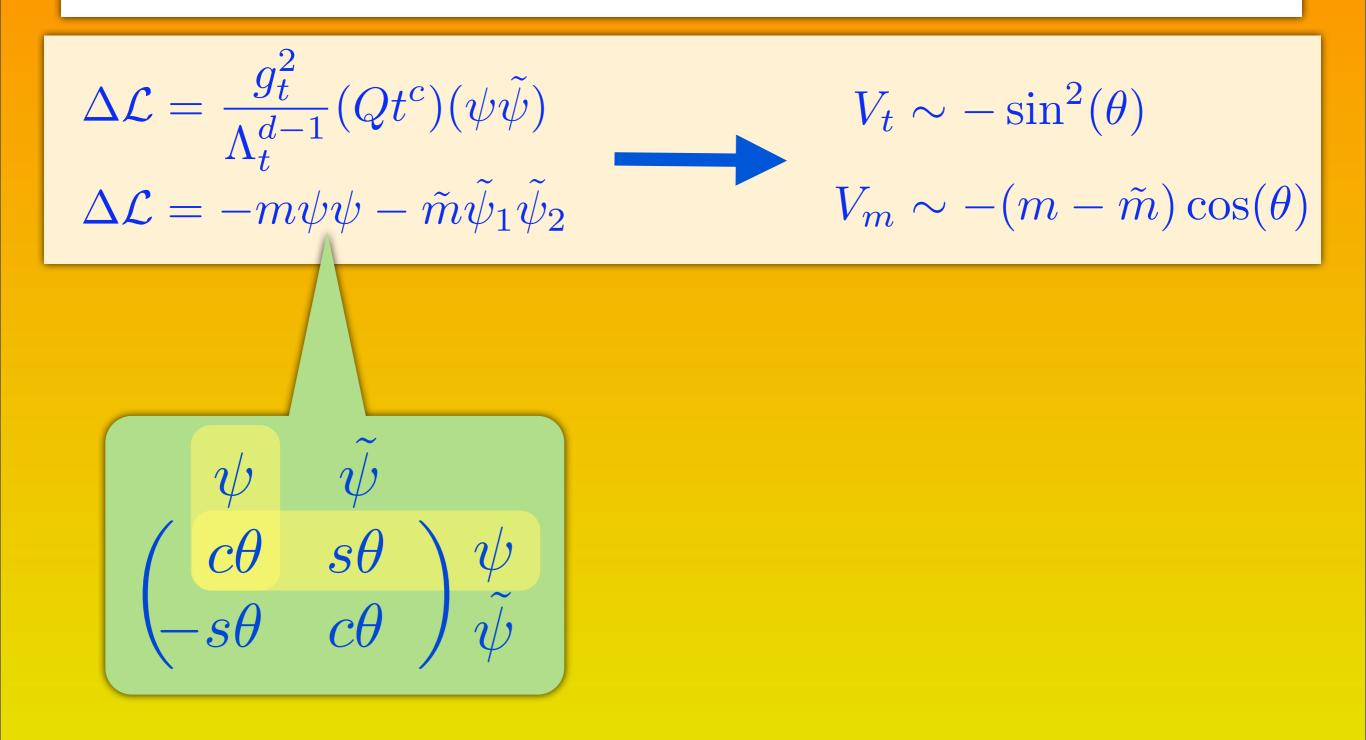
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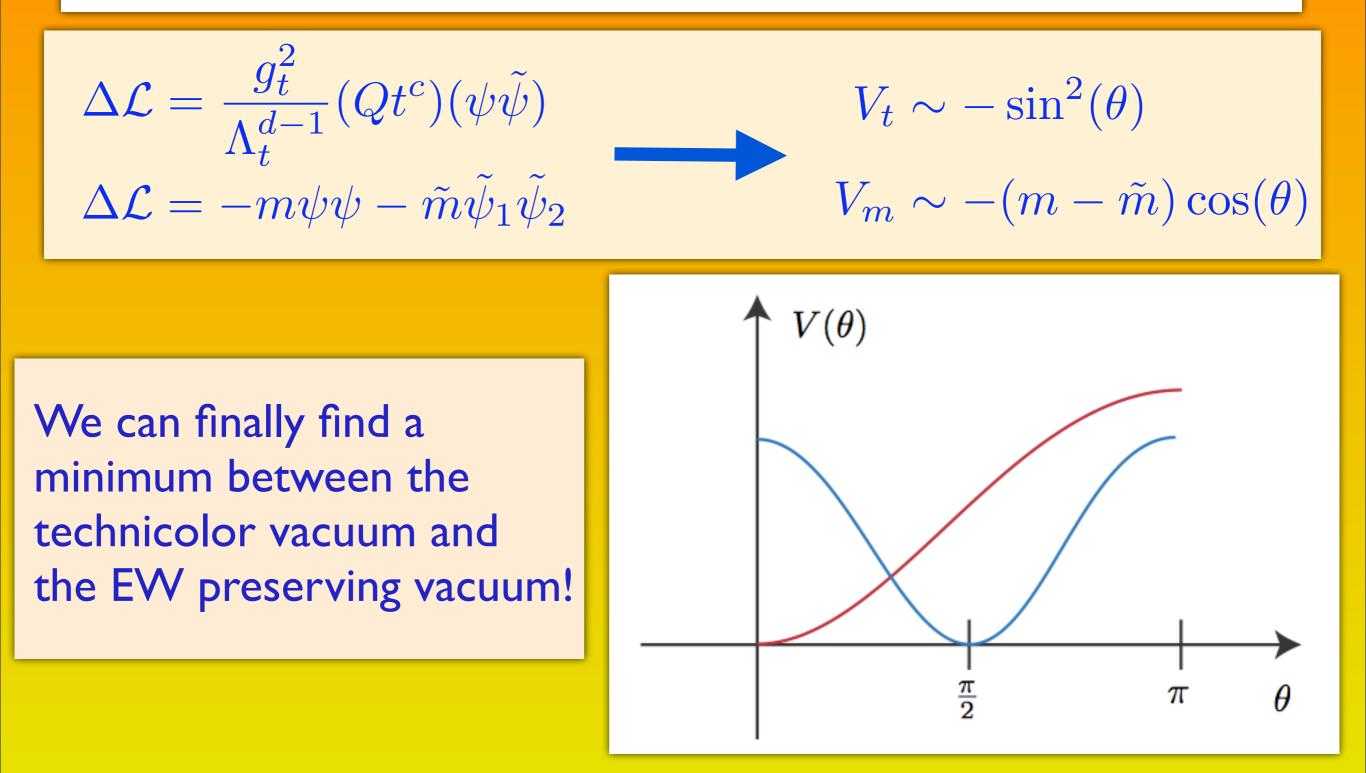
# Effective Potential: Top loops and technifermion masses



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# Effective Potential: Top loops and technifermion masses



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### Effective Potential: Minimum and vacuum alignment

$$V = -C_m(m - \tilde{m})\cos(\theta) - C_t \sin^2(\theta)$$
$$V_{min} \to \cos(\theta) = \frac{C_m(m - \tilde{m})}{C_t}$$

### Two important consequences!

$$m_h^2 = N_c c_t m_t^2$$

- Completely independent of  $\theta$ ! - Calculable!

$$m_A^2 = \frac{m_h^2}{\sin^2(\theta)}$$

- Decouples for  $\sin(\theta)\sim 0$ 

# Standard Model (and not) couplings, A decay rate

$$g_{h\star\star} = g_{h\star\star}^{SM} \cos(\theta)$$

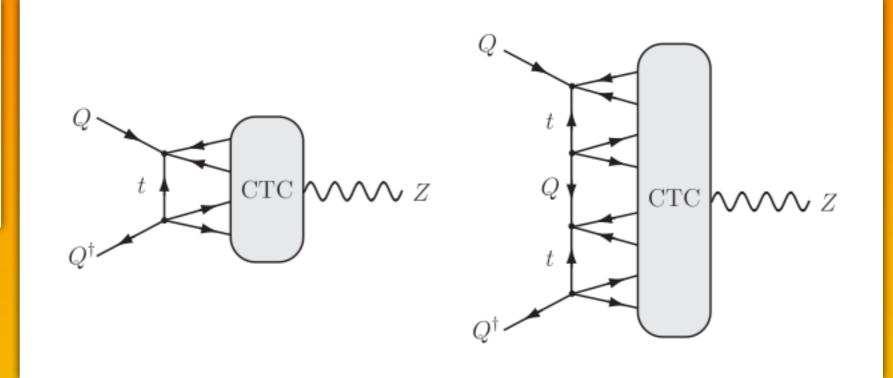
$$g_{A\star\star} = f(g,g')\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)$$

$$g_{AA\star\star} = f(g,g')\sin^2(\theta)$$

$$g_{AA\star\star} = f(g,g')\sin^2(\theta)$$
SM-phobic Higgs!  
but maybe  
hard to see
$$\Gamma_{A\bar{f}f} = \frac{g_{A\bar{f}f}}{8\pi} \left[m_A^2 - (m_{V_1} + m_{V_1})^2\right]^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

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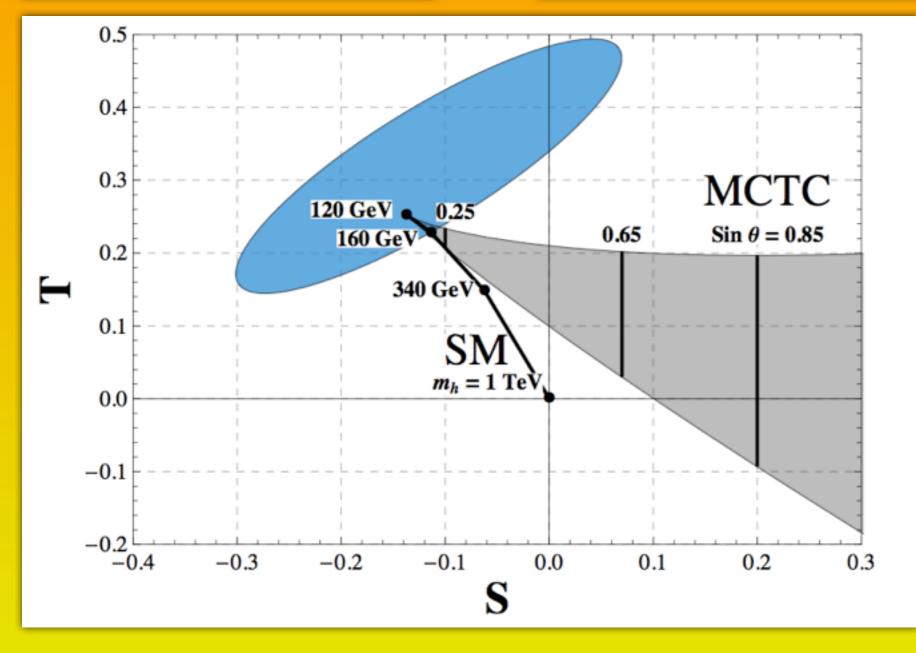
Electroweak precision tests:  $Z \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ 



- The "first" order diagram vanishes - The "second" order gives a contribution:  $\frac{\Delta g_{Zb\bar{b}}}{g_{Zb\bar{b}}} \sim \left(\frac{m_t}{4\pi v}\right)^4 \sin^2\theta \sim 10^{-5} \sin^2\theta$ - No danger from Zbb!

Electroweak precision tests: S and T

$$S = \sin^2(\theta)S_0 + \cos^2(\theta)\frac{1}{6\pi}\log\left(\frac{m_h}{m_{h,ref}}\right)$$
$$T = \sin^2(\theta)T_0 - \cos^2(\theta)\frac{3}{8\pi c_w^2}\log\left(\frac{m_h}{m_{h,ref}}\right)$$

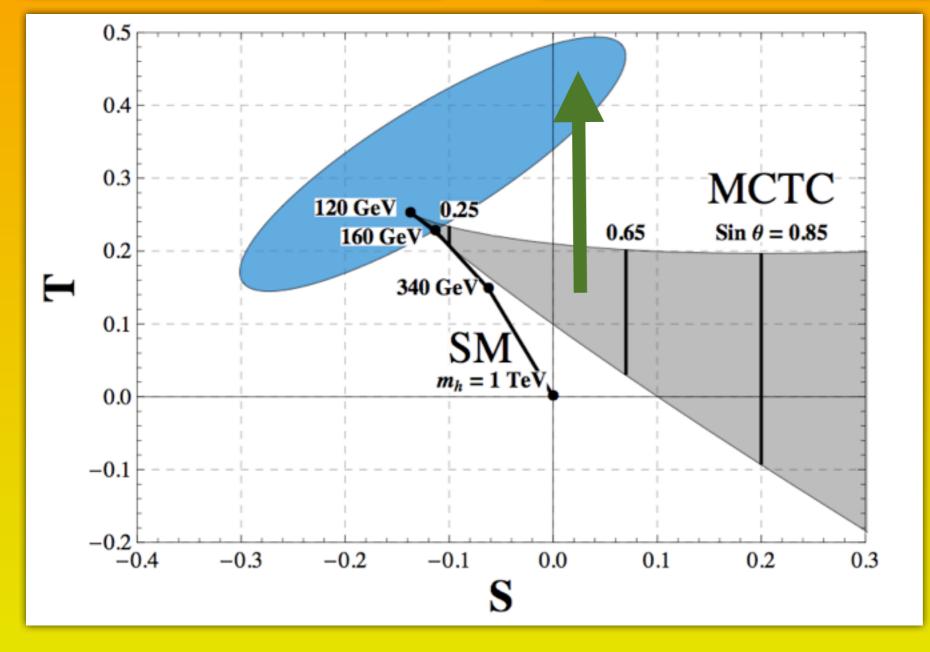


Good if  $\theta \lesssim 0.25$  !

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Electroweak precision tests: S and T

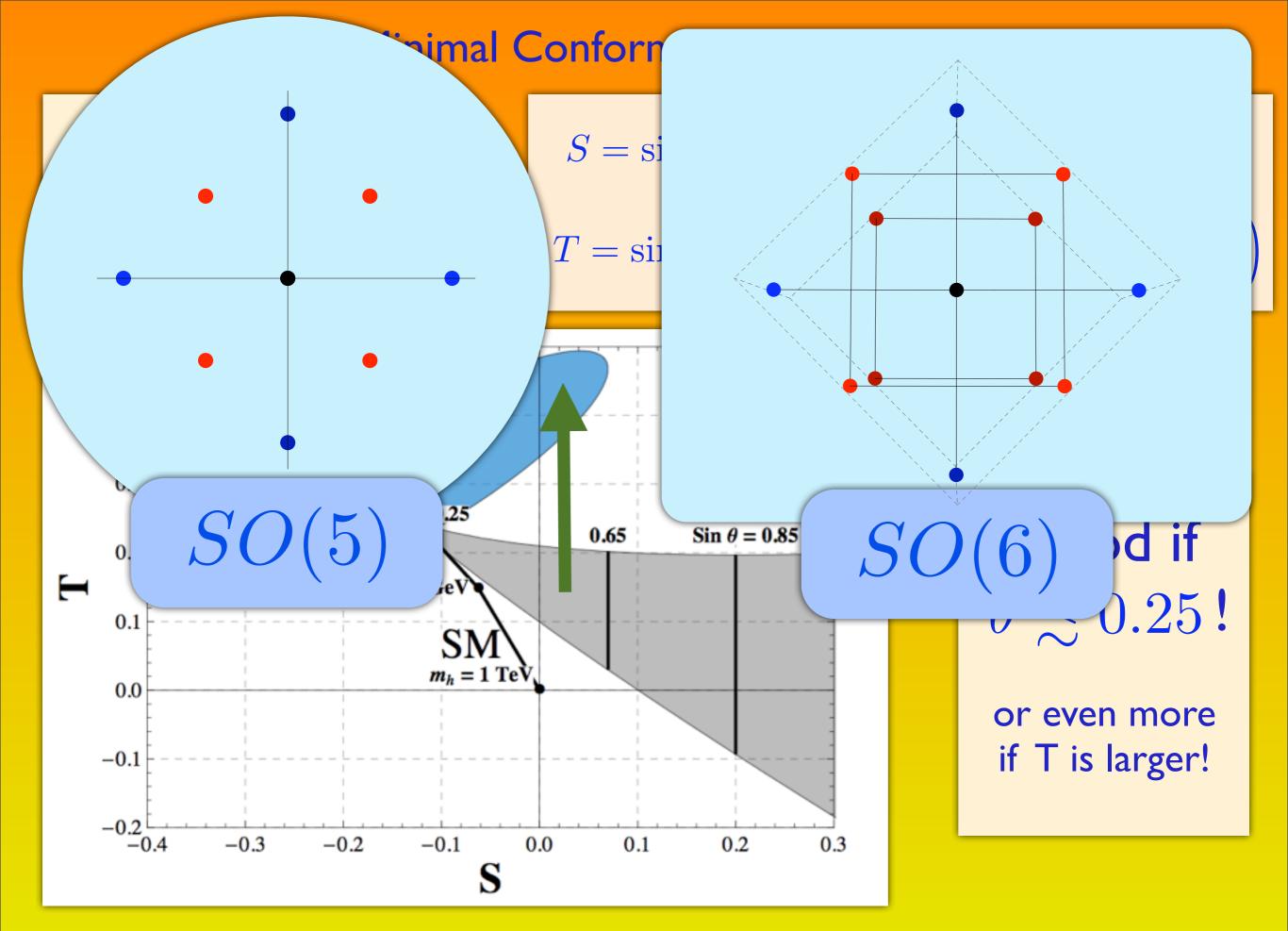
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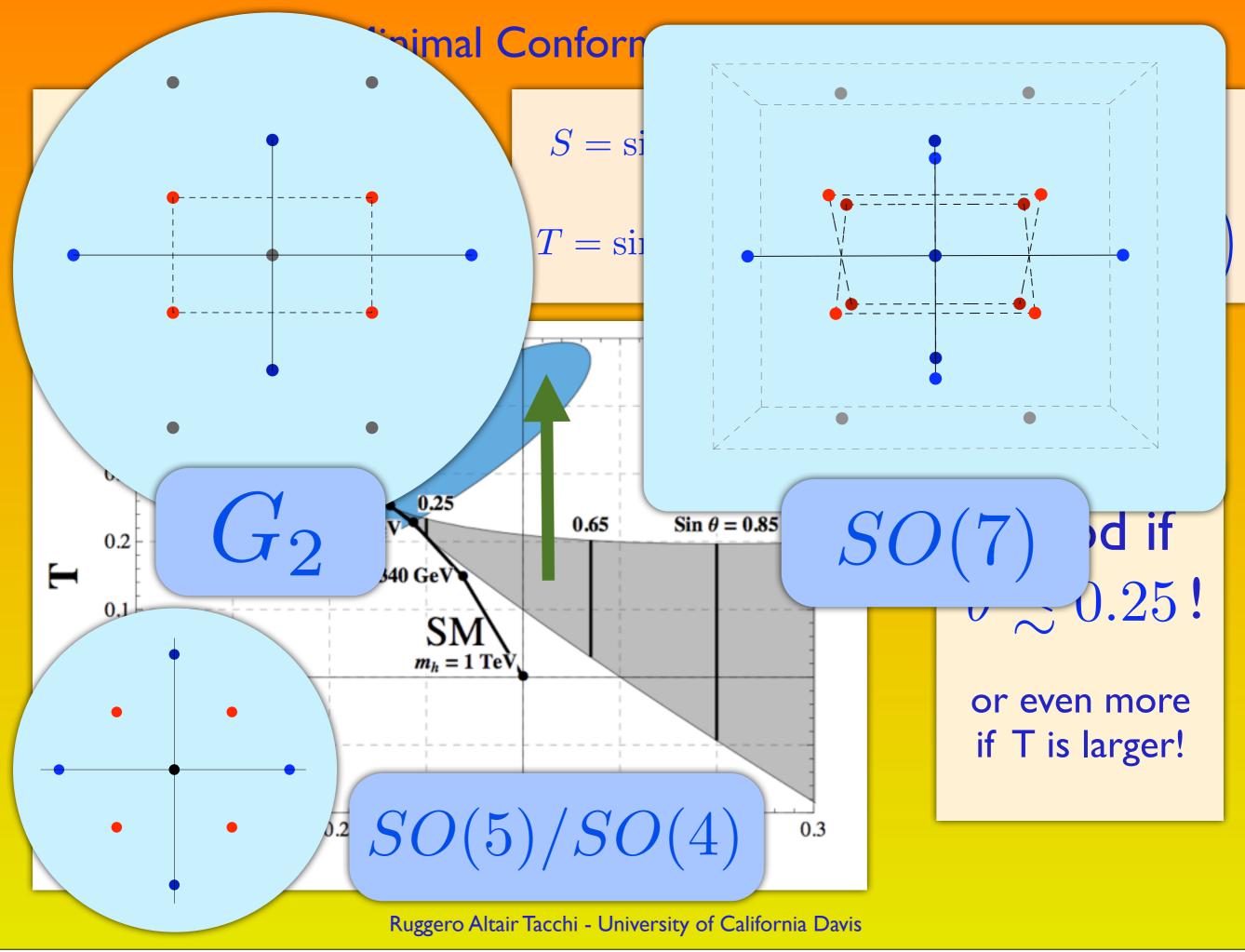
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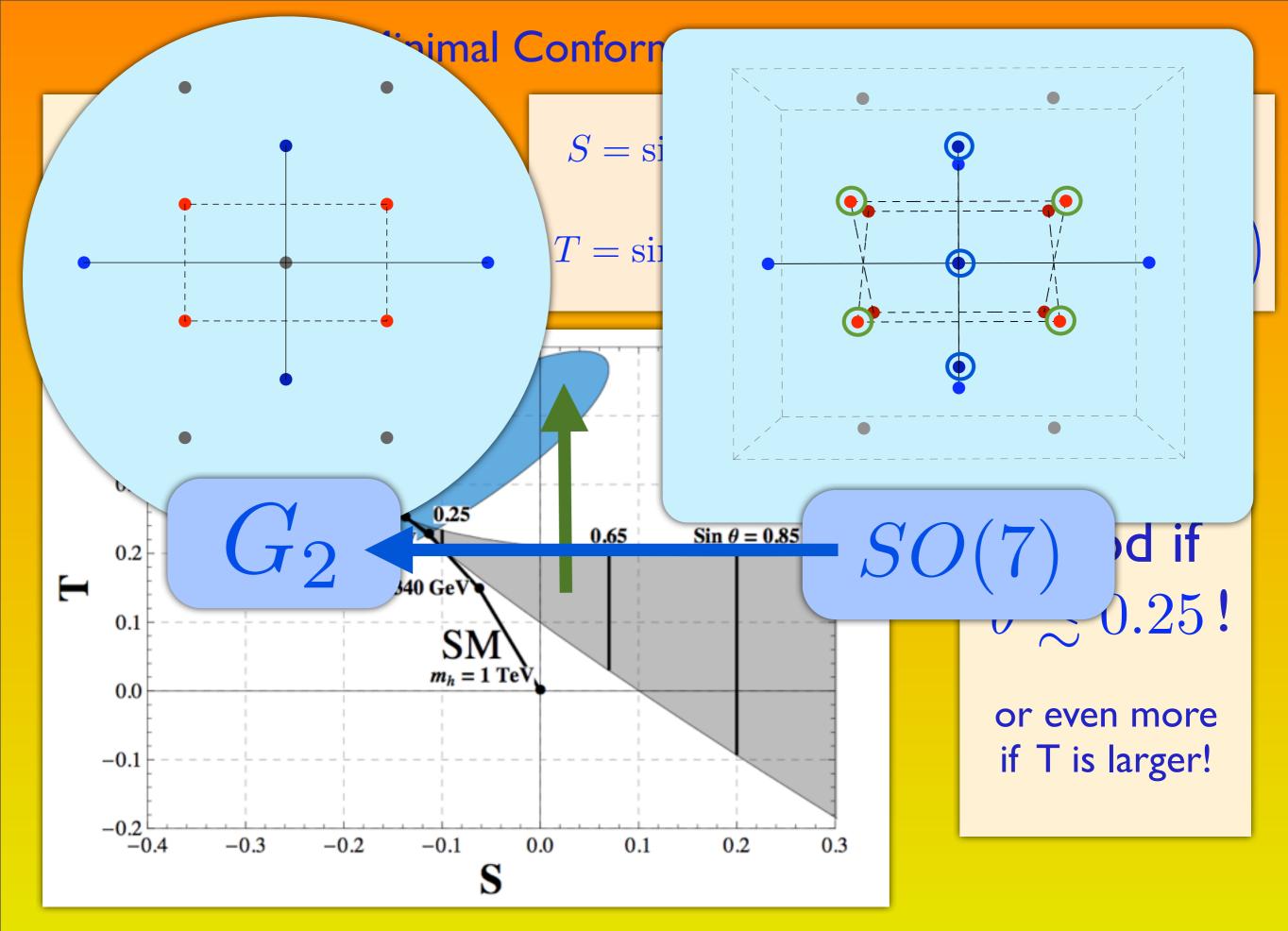
or even more if T is larger!

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# Standard Model (and not) couplings, A decay rate

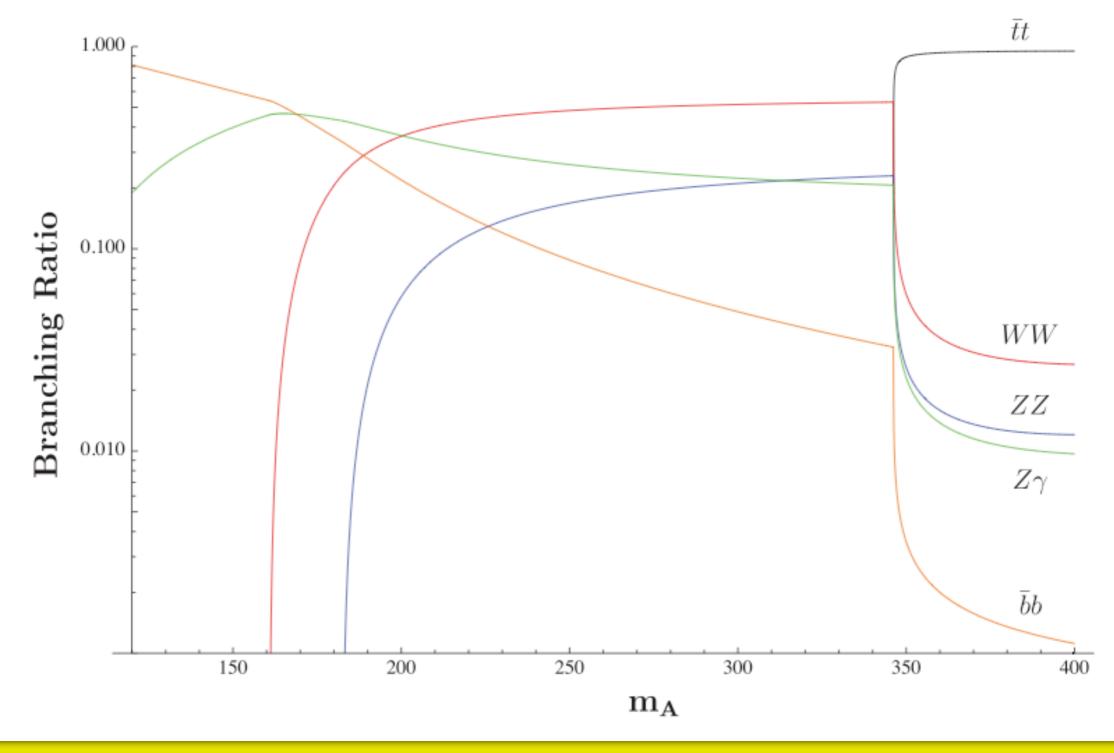
$$g_{h\star\star} = g_{h\star\star}^{SM} \cos(\theta)$$
$$g_{hh\star\star} = g_{h\star\star}^{SM} \cos(2\theta)$$

 $g_{A\star\star} = f(g, g') \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta)$  $g_{AA\star\star} = f(g, g') \sin^2(\theta)$ 

A little SM-phobic but hard to see  $\cos \theta \gtrsim 0.95$ 

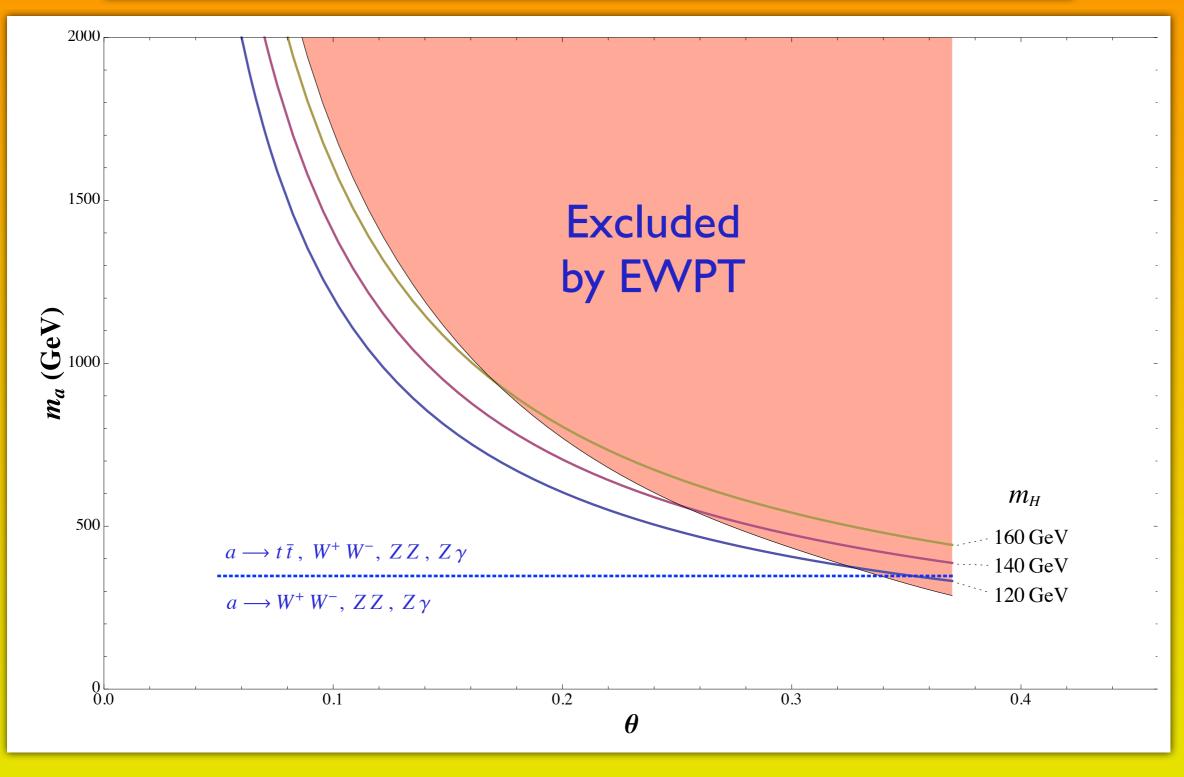
$$\Gamma_{AV_1V_2} = \frac{g_{AV_1V_2}^2}{32\pi} \left[ m_A^2 - (m_{V_1} + m_{V_1})^2 \right]^{\frac{3}{2}}$$
$$\Gamma_{A\bar{f}f} = \frac{g_{A\bar{f}f}}{8\pi} \left[ m_A^2 - 4m_f^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

# Branching ratio for A decays



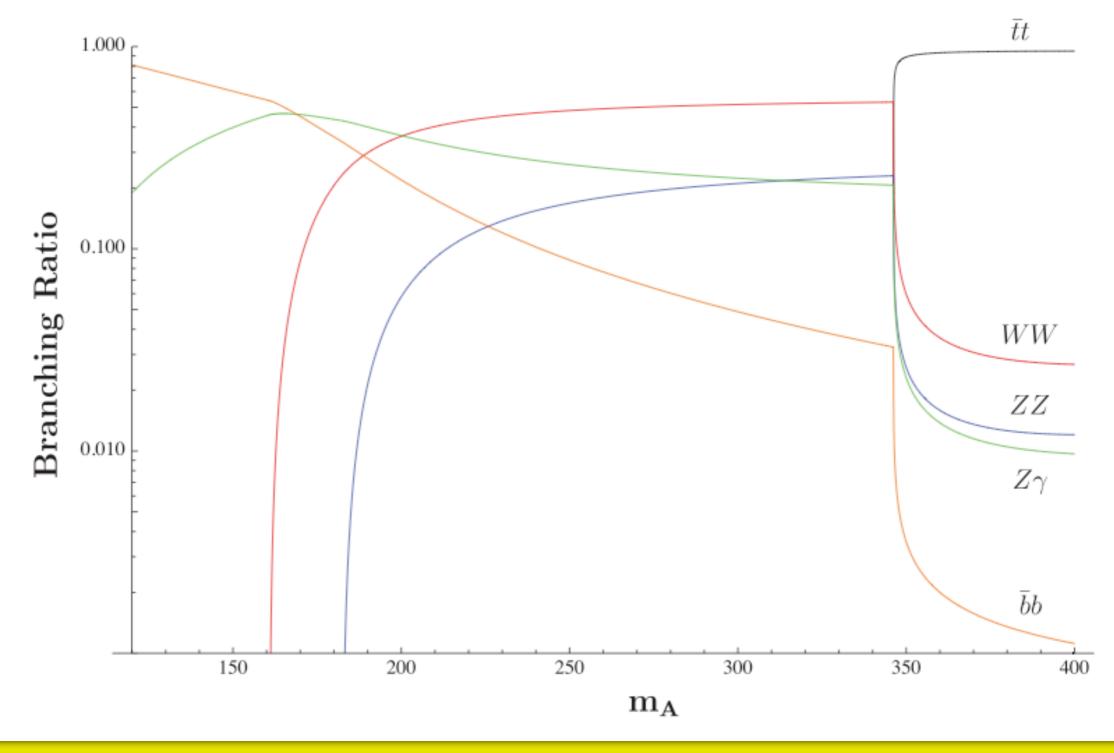
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### Constraints for the mass of A from EWPT



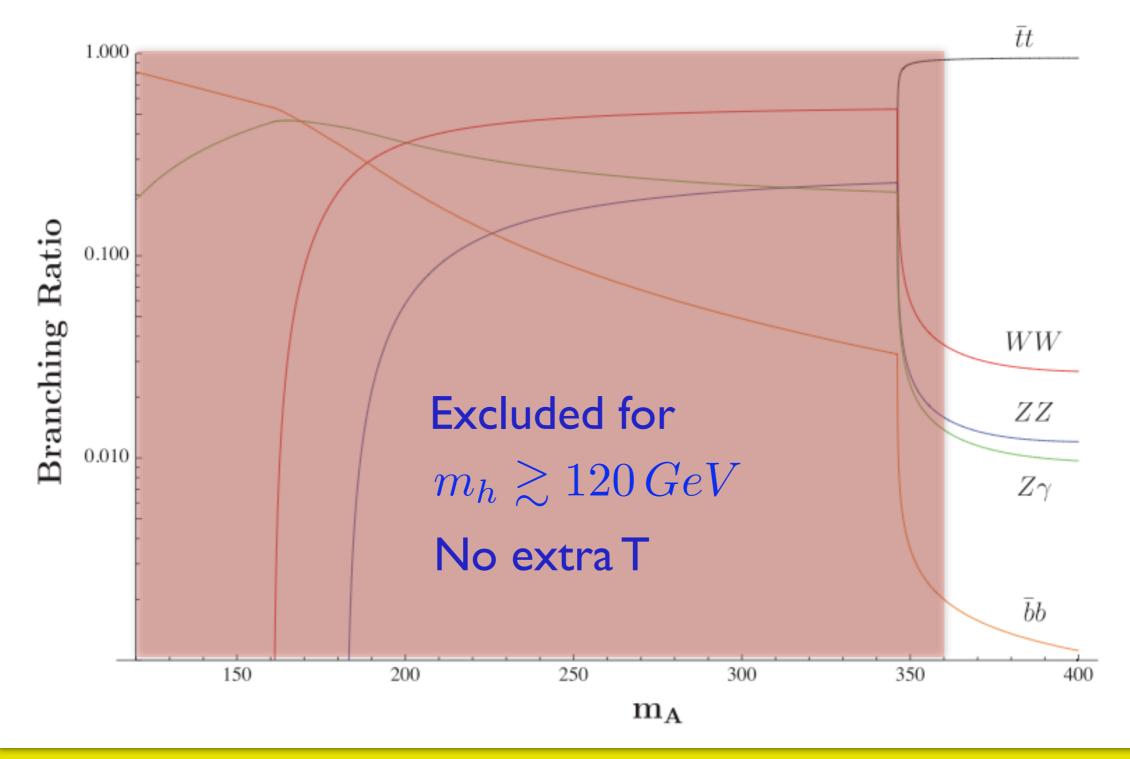
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# Branching ratio for A decays



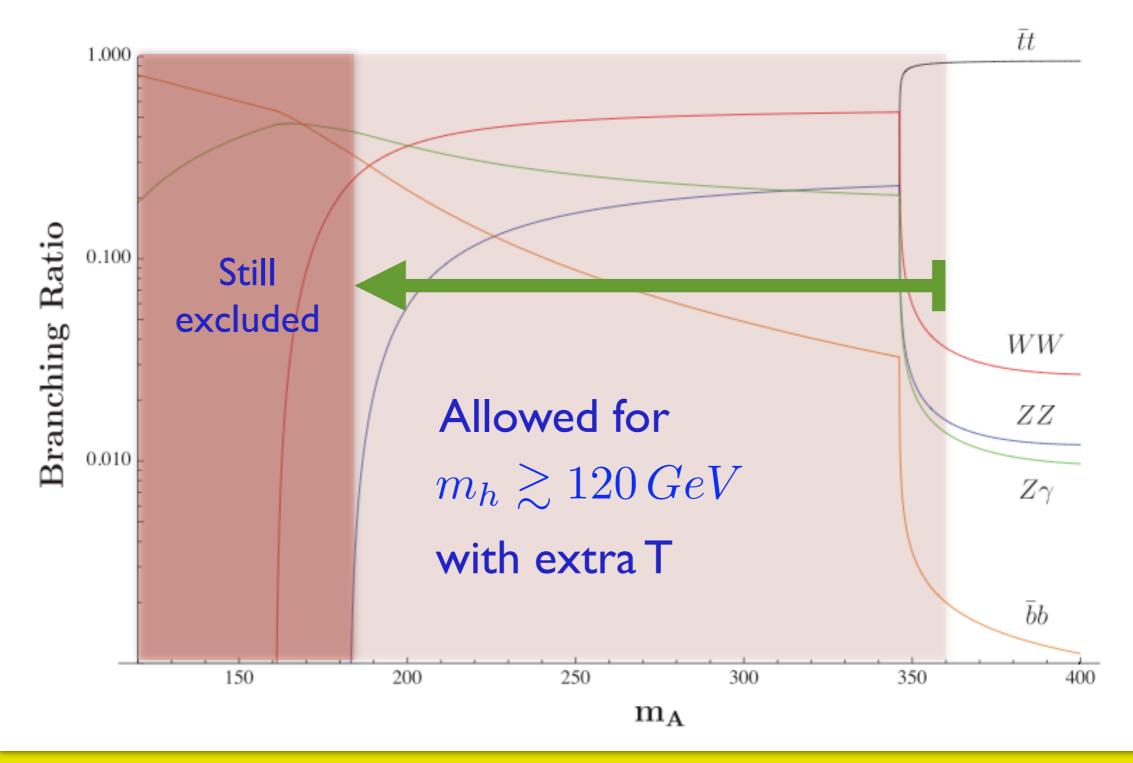
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# Branching ratio for A decays after EW constraints



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More SM-phobic still hard  $\cos \theta \ge 0.8$ 

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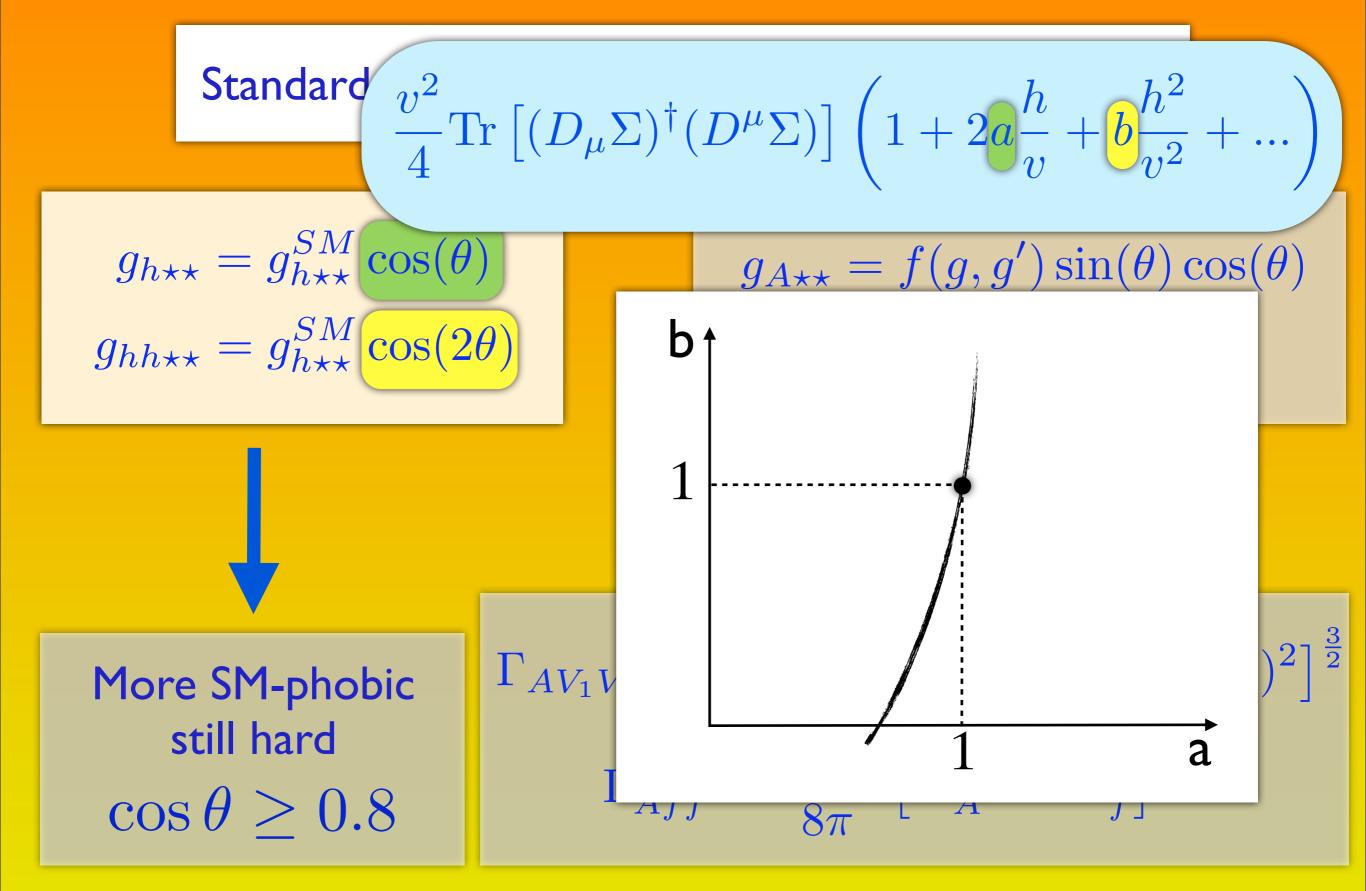
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Standard 
$$\frac{v^2}{4}$$
 Tr  $[(D_{\mu}\Sigma)^{\dagger}(D^{\mu}\Sigma)] \left(1 + 2a\frac{h}{v} + b\frac{h^2}{v^2} + ...\right)$   
 $g_{h\star\star} = g_{h\star\star}^{SM} \cos(\theta)$   
 $g_{hh\star\star} = g_{h\star\star}^{SM} \cos(2\theta)$   
 $g_{A\star\star} = f(g,g')\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)$   
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### Conclusions

### <u>Results</u>

- It's a 4D model
- It works! (EWPT...)
- It's a composite Higgs
- Has minimal fine tuning
- Strong dynamics is still viable
- There is a pseudoscalar A that might give a signal

# Things to do

- A 5D model (here with an elementary top quark)
- More work on strong conformal theories with N~1
- More phenomenology of the model for LHC
- Supersymmetric extension

Supersymmetric extensions: WHY???

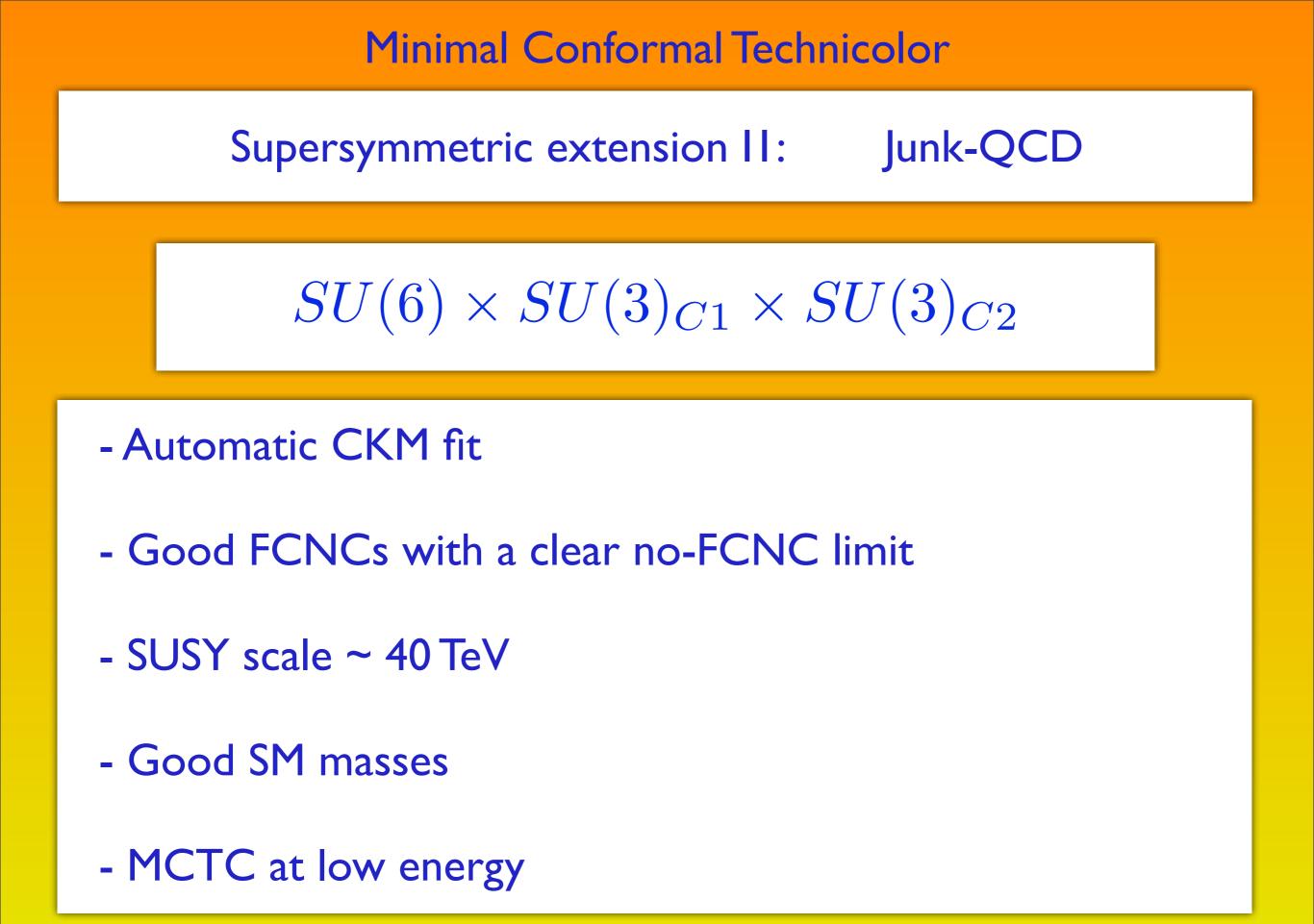
- need a stable scalar for the Bosonic TC interaction
- but in SUSY we need a big top Yukawa (strong)

$$m_t \sim 4\pi v \left(\frac{y_t}{4\pi}\right) \left(\frac{y_{\rm TC}}{4\pi}\right) \left(\frac{4\pi f}{M_{\rm SUSY}}\right)^{d-1}$$

- Problems: FCNCs -> of course... very bad headaches!

# Supersymmetric extension I: Topcolor-like

	$SU(3)_{ m tC}$	$SU(3)_{ ilde{C}}$	$SU(2)_W$	$U(1)_Y$	
$q_3$	3	1	2	1/6	- Good CKM fit
$t^c$	$\overline{3}$	1	1	-2/3	
$b^c$	$\overline{3}$	1	1	1/3	- Good FCNCs
$q_i$	1	3	2	1/6	
$u_i^c$	1	$\overline{3}$	1	-2/3	
$egin{array}{c} u_i^c \ d_i^c \end{array} \ d_i^c \end{array}$	1	$\bar{3}$	1	1/3	- SUSY scale ~ 40 TeV
U	1	3	1	2/3	
$U^c$	1	$\overline{3}$	1	-2/3	- Good SM masses
D	1	3	1	-1/3	Good St T masses
$D^{c}$	1	$\bar{3}$	1	1/3	
$H_u$	1	1	2	1/2	- MCTC at low energy
$H_d$	1	1	2	-1/2	
$\Phi$	3	$\overline{3}$	1	0	
$\bar{\Phi}$	$\bar{3}$	3	1	0	



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# (life in technicolor ii)